Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXIII.—NO. 142. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, MARCH 9, 1899. WHOLE NO. 9,847

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Spanish residents of Santa Clara province complain of persecution by Cubans and ask American authorities for protection. ——Exchange on New York costs one per cent. in Havana. ——Sufficient funds have been raised to erect a monument to South Carolina's dead in the Confederate Cemetery at Winchester, Va. ——All the volunteer troops in Cuba, about 25,000, are to be mustered out and withdrawn before the first of May; leaving about 15,000 regulars in the islands. ——Thomas Donaldson, the champion diver, was probably fatally injured in a dive from the roof of Madison Square Garden, N. Y., a distance of 85 feet. A half dozen persons were injured in the trouble with the Kansas negro regiment mustered out at Chattanooga. ——M. T. Hayward, Republican, elected U. S. Senator, by the Legislature of Nebraska. ——Ohio Iron Co. has increased wages ten per cent. ——The Chinese government has offered to apologize to Italy. ——Drinking wood alcohol caused the death of four members of the Underwood family at Marlboro, Mass. ——New York markets: Money on call steady at 2½@3 per cent., last loan being at 2½ per cent.; cotton quiet, middling uplands 6 9-16c; flour was dull and quoted lower; wheat—spot weak, No. 2 red 82⅝c; corn—spot easy, No. 2 43¾@43⅞c; oats—spot weak, No. 2 33⅓c; rosin steady, strained common to good $1.32½@1.35; spirits turpentine firm at 46½@47c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., March 8.

Temperature: 8 A. M., 25 deg.; 8 P. M., 42 deg.; maximum, 51 deg.; minimum, 25 deg.; mean, 38 deg.

Rainfall for the day, 0; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, .05.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 27.4 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—For Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Eastern, Florida—Fair, warmer; continued warm Friday; fresh to brisk East to South winds.

Port Almanac—March 9.

Sun Rises	6.22 A. M.
Sun Sets	6.00 P. M.
Day's Length	11 H. 38 M.
High Water at Southport	6.10 P. M.
High Water, Wilmington	9.40 P. M.

There are indications that the Pottery Trust is going to smash.

Andrew Carnegie is about to run himself into trouble. He is buying fast horses.

A Trust, composed of the principal woollen manufacturers, is reported, with a capital of $50,000,000. Later on it will proceed to do the fleecing.

The hens of this country produced last year $290,000,000 worth of chickens and eggs, and they haven't been bragging much about it either.

Grown desperate by the failure to eject the gypsy moth, Boston is going to enter the lists against the English sparrow, and be knocked out again.

Chile is taking to the Czar's disarmament proposal, and offers her war ships for sale. Here is a chance for Russia to scoop in a few ready-made ships while she is disarming.

The war with Spain has so far cost about $600,000,000, to which several hundred millions more may be added before we get out of the shooting business and get things in shape to retire.

Congressman Grosvenor always keeps a box of peppermint candy on his desk, and when he goes to munching it right lively it is a sure sign that he is going to pepper some fellow who has riled him.

Six weeks ago R. B. Halligan, of Chicago, was worth only $25,000, and had so little cash that he had once to pawn his watch for $5, and now he is worth $20,000,000. Struck it rich in the Wyoming copper mines.

Mr. Depew says he lost the nomination for the Presidency in 1888 because he was a railroad man, but he got into the U. S. Senate by being a railroad man, so that being an r. r. man isn't such a bad thing after all.

The Filipinos hold 8,000 Spanish prisoners. They hold them worth $80 a piece, but Spain values them at only $20, which shows that Aguinaldo thinks four times as much of the Spaniards as the Spaniards do of themselves.

The U. S. Senate showed what it thought of granting franchises in Cuba, under authority of the U. S. War Department, by adopting a resolution to prohibit it, by a vote of 47 to 11. That will spoil some of Alger's schemes.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The steamer *Frank Sessoms* went up Northeast river yesterday afternoon; the *Driver* will be down from Fayetteville this morning.

— Voters of the Fourth Ward are urged to support Messrs. Charles W. Worth and Jno. H. Hanby for aldermen from that ward in a card in to-day's STAR.

— The meeting of the Board of Directors of the Merchants' Association to have been held yesterday afternoon, has been postponed until some time next week.

— The many friends of Jailer G. W. Millis, who has been seriously ill for more than two weeks, will be glad to know that he was much improved yesterday.

— Messrs. Geo. Harriss, Son & Co. yesterday cleared the schooner *D. J. Sawyer*, Capt. Kelly, for the Barbadoes with a cargo of lumber from the Kidder Lumber Company.

— E. E. Parker was before Justice McGowan yesterday, charged with abandonment of his wife. He was brought from Goldsboro for trial and was bound over to the Criminal Court.

— Spirits turpentine was quoted yesterday firm at 44 and 44½ cents, an advance of one-half cent over Tuesday's quotations. The price on the corresponding day last year was 34½ to 35 cents.

— The funeral of Mr. William H. Gerken, whose death was announced in yesterday's STAR, was held from the Lodge at Oakdale cemetery yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock. The interment was made immediately after the services in Oakdale.

— About thirty-five or forty school boys, ranging in age from six to fifteen years, were before Mayor Waddell yesterday afternoon, charged with shooting sling-shots on the streets. They received a wholesome lecture from the Mayor and were discharged.

— The City Clerk and Treasurer gives notice in to-day's STAR that the inspectors for the primary and the registrars and inspectors for the regular election are expected to meet at the City Hall to-morrow (Friday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, to qualify, receive instructions and obtain registration books.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Inspectors for Primary—Notice.
C. W. Polvogt Co.—Our buyer.
D. L. Gore—Seed Irish potatoes.
J. W. Plummer, Jr.—Removal.
To Voters—Fourth Ward candidates.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mr. E. Boney, of Wallace, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. L. D. McCallum, of Whiteville, was here yesterday.

— Col. H. M. Drane, of Armour, was a visitor to the city yesterday.

—Mr. H. A. Chapel, travelling representative of the Raleigh *News and Observer*, is in the city.

— Messrs. Dal M. Hardy and E. E. Parker, of Goldsboro, were guests at The Orton yesterday.

— Messrs. J. A. Cavanaugh, of Hallsboro, and R. S. Atkinson, of Sloop Point, are in the city on business visits.

— Representatives Geo. Rountree and Martin S. Willard and Senator Wm. J. Davis returned from Raleigh yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Rountree and Mrs. Willard arrived Tuesday.

— Mr. Dave B. Mitchell, who has been the guest of relatives in this city since the funeral of his brother, the late Frank H. Mitchell, has returned to his home in New York city, much to the regret of his numerous friends here.

— Mr. D. J. Corbett, of Keith, was a caller at the STAR office yesterday. He was returning from Pender Court. Mr. Corbett says the court adjourned yesterday afternoon. However, the grand jury will not adjourn until this afternoon.

Another Suspected Case.

Dr. McMillan, Superintendent of Health, told a STAR reporter yesterday that the health authorities have under close surveillance what they fear is another case of smallpox, though as yet, he said, there are only slight symptoms. He furtherst ated that it would be imprudent under these circumstances to locate more specifically the suspected case. With the assistance of Capt. Robert Green, Dr. McMillan is exercising more than the usual vigilance along this line, in view of the reported cases in near by towns.

Schooner William T. Parker.

The schooner *Wm. T. Parker*, Capt. Lynch, which was towed back into this port February 24th, fire having been discovered in the hold when only a short way out, finished discharging her cargo of lumber yesterday and a board of survey, composed of Col. Jno. W. Atkinson, Mr. W. N. Harriss and Capt. Edgar Williams, recommended that after the cargo was thoroughly dry, that she reload and proceed to her destination. It will be remembered that the *Parker* was laden with lumber from the Hilton Lumber Co., and was bound for New York.

New Silks at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

New Dress Goods at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

New Piques at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

A NEW SANITARIUM.

Will be Opened in Colonel Kerchner's Residence Within a Week.

ALL OPPOSITION ABANDONED.

Miss Voigt Will be Matron in Charge—Aldermen Issued Permit for 14-Room Addition—Will be a Strictly First Class Institution.

Announcement was made some weeks ago that a movement was on foot to convert the handsome residence of Col. F. W. Kerchner, on Front street, into a first-class sanitarium, in charge of Miss Agnes Vogt. A STAR reporter was told by Col. Kerchner last night that all the arrangements are now complete, and it is very probable that the sanitarium will be ready for the reception of patients within a week.

It will be remembered that at the session of the Board of Aldermen held Monday night, a building permit was granted for the erection of a twelve-room addition to the Kerchner residence. This is for the purpose of, when deemed necessary, adding a two story wing to the building, running back toward the river. The house now has fourteen rooms, enough to serve the purposes of the sanitarium management for the present. Mr. Jas. F. Post, Sr., the architect, is, however, engaged in the work of drafting the plans for the addition.

When the plan for opening the sanitarium in the Kerchner residence was first made public there was much opposition on the part of the residents in that vicinity and the Board of Aldermen, in fact, passed a resolution prohibiting the establishment of such an institution without the consent of the owners of the property situated within a given distance of the proposed site. It now seems that the opposition on the part of Col. Kerchner's neighbors was due to a misconception of the real plans and purposes and all opposition has since been abandoned, so that now the institution will be opened and conducted with the full consent of everybody in that locality.

As heretofore announced Miss Vogt, an especially skilled and gifted licensed nurse, who has filled a number of highly responsible positions in Northern hospitals and sanitariums, will be the matron in charge of the new sanitarium. For the present she will have two assistant nurses, both of them full graduates of the very best training schools and experienced in the work. One will come from New York and the other from Baltimore.

It is the purpose of the management to admit no cases of infectious disease into the institution. It will be run in accordance with the system which prevails in the very best sanitariums of the country. Patients will be received at stated prices and accorded all needed attention by the matron and corps of nurses, each patient having the privilege of calling any physician to treat them whom they may elect.

The sanitarium is an institution much needed in Wilmington, and the announcement that its establishment is assured will be hailed with delight by a host of people.

PROBABLE DAMAGE TO CROPS

Radishes and English Peas Seriously Injured — Strawberries and Lettuce Considered Unharmed.

There is much speculation as to the extent of the damage done by the recent cold wave, the backbone of which was broken yesterday forenoon. Some are of the opinion that a number of early crops are seriously injured. However, the most experienced truckers claim that the full extent of the damage cannot be ascertained until to-day, after the sun shines upon the plants for a few hours; after which, if seriously injured, pea vines and other plants will turn black and fall over.

Mr. W. E. Springer visited his farm yesterday afternoon and found far less damage than he anticipated. His lettuce is uninjured. His radishes are, however, killed outright. He thinks that his English peas are uninjured. Strawberries are not hurt at all. Mr. Geo. T. Johnson also visited his truck farm yesterday, and told a STAR reporter that he does not think he has suffered any loss of consequence. It is mostly unprotected truck in exposed places that has sustained serious injury.

The lowest temperature registered during the prevalence of the cold wave was about 7.30 A. M. yesterday, when the thermometer registered 25 degrees above zero. Later, in the forenoon, the mercury rose rapidly, reaching 50 degrees soon after noon. The highest velocity of the wind here was thirty-seven miles an hour, which was reached at 9.35 o'clock Tuesday morning.

J. W. Plummer, Jr.'s Store.

Mr. J. W. Plummer, Jr., fruit and confectionery dealer, has removed from No. 122 to 204 Princess street, the stand formerly occupied by N. Paul. The storeroom has been thoroughly renovated, repainted and otherwise improved, so that Mr. Plummer has fitted up a very pretty store. He has improved his facilities for making candies. In the advertising columns of the STAR to-day Mr. Plummer makes an important announcement.

New Crapons at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

New Wash Goods at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

FINALLY DISCHARGED.

Foreman Dowling, of Fire Engine No. 2, Dismissed From Service by Board of Aldermen Yesterday Afternoon.

Foreman M. F. Dowling was discharged permanently from service in the Fire Department, at a special meeting of the Board of Aldermen held yesterday afternoon, which was assembled by the Mayor upon written request of Aldermen Skelding, MacRae and Taylor. All the members were present and Mayor Waddell presided. In the absence of the City Clerk, Capt. Jno. Cowan, clerk of the Board of Audit, by request, served in that capacity.

Alderman Skelding, chairman of the Fire Committee, was called upon for the report of his committee with reference to the suspension of Foreman Dowling and the following statement and recommendations were read:

Mr. M. F. Dowling, foreman Fire Engine No. 2, having been suspended for insubordination, and an investigation of charges subsequently developed against him, having been ordered by the Board, the committee report and recommend that M. F. Dowling be dismissed forthwith from the service for incompetency, drunkenness and continued insubordination.

Alderman Skelding prefaced the report of his committee by saying that he had sent a message to Mr. Dowling that the Board of Aldermen would meet in the afternoon at 5 o'clock to receive the report of the committee in his case, and that he would be given an opportunity to appear before the Board and offer a defence, if he cared to do so.

Alderman Skelding further stated that "in reply to this notice, a message was returned from Mr. Dowling that he (Mr. Skelding) and the committee could go to h—l."

Alderman Hanby then made a motion that the report of the committee be adopted. It was duly seconded by Alderman Worth and was carried unanimously by a rising vote.

The particulars of the suspension of Foreman Dowling by the committee and the causes, which led up to the same, have already been published in the STAR.

The Board was in executive session a few minutes prior to the regular session, and after adopting the report of the Fire Committee, an adjournment was taken subject to call of the Mayor.

CULBRETH-GRADY NUPTIALS.

Auspicious Marriage of Miss Lucy B. Culbreth to L. V. Grady, Esq., Last Night—Visitors Present.

At 8 o'clock yesterday evening a quiet home marriage was celebrated at the residence of Dr. N. M. Culbreth, uniting in the bonds of matrimony Dr. Culbreth's eldest daughter, Miss Lucy B. Culbreth, to Mr. L. V. Grady, a rising young attorney of this city. The ceremony was performed by Rev. B. Culbreth, cousin of the bride, in the presence of quite a company of relatives and intimate friends of the family.

Miss Lillie Culbreth, sister of the bride, rendered the wedding march, and Mr. Hugh Wallace was best man. The bride was becomingly attired in a tailor-made costume of light brown ladies' cloth, trimmed in white and brown satin and cerese. She carried a bouquet of pink carnations and maiden-hair fern.

After the ceremony the guests were ushered into the dining-room where a sumptuous wedding supper was elegantly served. A pleasant reception was in progress until after 11 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Grady were the recipients of quite a number of handsome presents. Among the guests who attended the wedding were the following out-of-town people: Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Memory, Miss Sue Coleman, Mrs. J. I. Williamson, Mrs. J. R. Williamson and Master H. D. Williamson, of Whiteville; Mr. Robt. Grady, of Burgaw, (brother of the groom), and Mr. D. W. Culbreth, of Autreville. Mr. and Mrs. Grady are at home to their friends at No. 121 Market street.

Brick Building Successfully Moved.

The work of moving the two-story brick office building just in front of the machine shops in the Atlantic Coast Line yards, made necessary by the extensive changes being inaugurated to equip the plant as the principal car-building shops of the system, has been successfully accomplished, the structure having been undermined, raised on beams and rolled back almost fifty feet without making a single crack in the walls. The workmen have completed the laying of the new foundation upon which the walls are securely settled. A STAR reporter was told yesterday by a prominent official intimate with the changes being made in the shops that the work, as recently outlined in the STAR, is being accomplished slowly. And it will probably be some time before the concentration of the car manufacture in this city will be fully accomplished.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure promp and regular delivery.

New White Goods at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

New Percales at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

New Spring Goods at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

New Draperies at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

BRITISH GRENADIER GUARDS BAND.

Will Positively Give a Grand Concert in the Wilmington Opera House Next Thursday Evening.

The appearance of the British Guards Band at the Wilmington Opera House on Thursday evening of next week is positively assured. Manager Schloss has notified the band's manager that patronage is sufficiently assured and the people of this city will now have an opportunity to hear one of the most famous bands in the world.

The Atlantic Coast Line has issued a special circular announcing a very low rate for the occasion and it is highly probable that quite a number of out-of-town people will be among the patrons of the event.

As previously announced the box sheet will be opened at Gerken's on Saturday for the reservation of seats by those who, during yesterday and Tuesday, signed the subscription list. It will be open for the general public on Monday morning, continuing until the evening of the concert.

The tour of the British Grenadier Guards Band, through the United States had an auspicious introduction Monday in Washington, D. C., where the United States Marine Band tendered Lieut. Dan Godfrey, the famous British bandmaster and his bandmen, a brilliant serenade in front of Hotel Raleigh, on Pennsylvania Avenue. The Washington *Post* speaks of the event as an exceptional and graceful compliment, which was provocative of a pleasant little popular outburst of that good feeling which now exists between the two great Anglo-Saxon nations. "America," "God Save The Queen," Star-splangled Banner," "The Guards Waltz," and "Admiral Dewey" were notable selections which were played.

It is generally conceded that the musical treat of the season is in store for patrons of the Opera House on the occasion of the Grenadier Guard concert.

ROANOKE RIVER FLOOD.

Lowlands Under Water — Mills Shut-Down—Wind Storm Damage at Weldon.

[*Richmond Dispatch Special.*]

WELDON, N. C., March 7.—The Roanoke river is again on the rampage, and the water is about thirty-two feet above the normal and still rising. It is expected that the present freshet will be the greatest since 1889. Stock in the lowlands is in danger of being washed away. All the lowlands on the Mush Island farms, owned by J. D. Cameron, of Pennsylvania, are under water. The corn, flour and oil mills have all shut down on account of high water.

A severe wind-storm has been raging here all day. Snow fell, but not enough to cover the ground. The metal roof was taken completely off the store occupied by W. D. Smith, and some little damage has been done to the Atlantic Coast Line Hotel.

Work on the new cotton mill is being pushed. Yesterday a portion of the hands excavating for the wheel pit struck for higher wages. Their places have been filled and the strikers ordered off the grounds.

Owing to small-pox being at Halifax no Superior Court was held this week, neither was there any meeting of the County Commissioners.

MR. M'NEILL RETURNS.

He Will Take Oath of Office As Railroad Commissioner April 1st.

Franklin McNeill, Esq., recently elected railroad commissioner by the General Assembly, yesterday morning, returned from Raleigh, where he has been since his election on the 3rd inst. In conversation with a STAR reporter yesterday Mr. McNeill said that he expects to go to Raleigh and take the oath of office as a railroad commissioner April 1st. However, on April 5th, the term of the commission will expire, and on that day he will take the oath of office as a corporation commissioner and the commission will be formally organized with Mr. McNeill chairman, Mr. Samuel L. Rogers, of Macon, and Mr. E. C. Beddingfield, of Wake, members.

Mr. McNeill is being heartily congratulated on the success of his candidacy for the commissionership.

Off to the Convention.

The delegates from the Wilmington Young Men's Christian Association will leave the city this morning for Durham to attend the State Convention which will be convened in Trinity M. E. Church this evening at 8 o'clock. Wilmingtonians who will attend are Mr. Jno. Frank, president of the Association, Mr. P. Heinsberger, Mr. W. R. Taylor, Mr. James Cotchett, Mr. E. A. Nelson, Mr. Julian Smith, Mr. Herring, Mr. Will Jones and Secretary Howard Caldwell.

New Office and Store Building.

Messrs. Morris Bear and Bros. are preparing to erect a new store and office building, corner of Second and Princess streets, where several small frame buildings now stand. The plans and specifications are now being prepared and will be ready for distribution to contractors for preparing bids within a few days. The building will be a good two-story structure and will be a great improvement to that part of the town.

New Ribbons at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

New Spring Goods at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

New Mattings at The C. W. Polvogt Co. †

GENERAL ASSEMBLY.

Adjourned to Meet Tuesday After the Second Monday in June Next Year.

A FEW BILLS WERE PASSED.

None of Public Importance—Commissioners Appointed to Represent the State at Paris Exposition—Testimonial to Speaker Connor.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., March 8.—The General Assembly of North Carolina, for 1899, adjourned to-day to meet again Tuesday, after the second Monday in June. A few bills were passed by both the House and Senate, but none of them was of public importance. Most of the session was devoted to ratification of enrolled bills.

A resolution was adopted giving clerks and employes five dollars extra for night work. Another resolution thanked newspaper correspondents for their accurate and impartial reports.

A handsome bouquet was sent Speaker Connor by ladies, teachers of Peace Institute.

Abbott offered a resolution appropriating $100 for expenses of the funeral of any member of the Legislature who dies from sickness now suffered, and that this amount be payable to Rex Hospital, Raleigh. This was intended to cover the case of Representative Trotman of Gates, who is dying at that hospital of pneumonia.

The Speaker appointed the following twelve commissioners to represent North Carolina at the Paris Exposition: John S. Cunningham, John C. Drewry, Joseph A. Holmes, T. K. Bruner, Charles E. Johnson, J. L. Currie, W. B. Council, Clayton Giles, Julian S. Carr, Nathan O. Berry, J. D. Murphy and Jas. A. Bryan; alternates: H. C. Wall, John Wood, Fred Phillips, W. R. Odell, R. H. Hanes, D. Y. Cooper, Ashley Horne, Charles W. Worth, J. S. Westbrook, M. C. Toms, and Hugh Chatham.

At 11 o'clock Mr. Patterson, Robeson, was called to the chair and Mr. Overman, in the happiest style, presented to Speaker Connor, on behalf of members of the House, a solid silver tea service. "Take it home with you," he said, "as a testimonial of your faithful service. You have won the lasting regard and esteem of all the members of this House. You have added another star to your crown." There was great applause from the floor and galleries. Speaker Connor, in accepting the gift, said this was the proudest moment of his life. He expressed pride and pleasure at having won the regard of every member of the House. He said the House had discharged its onerous duties and done its monumental work ably, zealously and well. He was heartily applauded at the conclusion of his remarks, which were made in a most feeling manner.

At 2 o'clock the Speaker made his farewell address, referring to the great things expected of the Legislature and what had been accomplished. Among other things he said: "In dealing with the finances of the State we have endeavored to be conservative and economical. That there is among our people an industrial awakening is shown by the large number of charters for such enterprises that we have been called upon to enact into law. It is a matter well worth careful consideration whether there should not be an improvement in the general law providing for the incorporation of private companies and associations, thereby saving much time which should be devoted to the consideration of public measures. The large number of charters for cities and towns sent to us from different sections of the State show a healthy interest among the people in regard to the problem of municipal government. There is not a more interesting method of studying the history and development of a people than through their laws, and there will be few more interesting chapters in our history than the public and private laws of 1899. That much has been done for the welfare of the State the most critical will admit; that much has been left undone we recognize and admit.

"As the presiding officer of this House I have had opportunity to watch with care the words and actions of its members. I have seen nothing said or done which did not proceed from an honest desire to advance the best interests of the State.

"We commit our work to the fair and just consideration of the constituency who confided to us their highest and best political interests. We must, however, keep in mind the great truths that States like individuals are in the keeping of the God of nations, and in so far as we live in harmony with this divine will, we will in our individual as well as national interest, grow in strength and prosperity.

"It affords me pleasure in this last hour of the session to say that in the discharge of the duties of presiding officer, I have had the kind and considerate support of every member of this body. No unpleasant incident mars the memory of our association. There has at all times prevailed deference and courtesy among the members. I am sure that without regard to party or political differences, we separate with naught but kindly sentiments one for the other.

The attendance has been unusually good. Numbers of the members have been detained from the House by sickness, and it pains us to note that one lies at death's door. For the last time in the Nineteenth century, the General Assembly of North Carolina has met, and is now ready to adjourn. For reasons deemed wise, to us, we have, as the constitution provides we may do, determined to adjourn to a day certain. In accordance, therefore, with the joint resolutions of the two houses, I do hereby declare this House adjourned to the fifth day of July, 1900."

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

W. & W. Railroad—48 bales cotton.
W., C. & A. Railroad—105 bales cotton, 7 casks spirits turpentine, 144 barrels rosin, 73 barrels tar, 18 barrels crude turpentine.
Carolina Central Railroad—10 casks spirits turpentine, 43 barrels rosin.
A. & Y. Railroad—1 cask spirits turpentine, 29 barrels tar.
W. & N. Railroad—22 bales cotton, 2 casks spirits turpentine.
Total—Cotton, 175 bales; spirits turpentine, 20 casks; rosin, 187 barrels; tar, 102 barrels; crude turpentine, 18 barrels.

FIREMEN RETURN THANKS.

To Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Blomme, in behalf of our company, I desire to offer to you the company's sincere thanks for sandwiches and coffee furnished us on the morning of March 7th, which I can assure you were highly appreciated. Wishing you both success in your future life,

Very respectfully,
T. M. TRENT,
Secretary, Hose Co. No. 3, W. F. D.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Fourth Ward Candidates.

The Voters of this Ward are urged to support
CHARLES W. WORTH
and
JOHN H. HANBY
for Aldermen, at the Primary Election.
ma 9 4t

Aldermen for Second Ward.

At the solicitation and recommendation of friends H. P. West and Wm. E. Springer are placed in nomination for Aldermen of the Second Ward, subject to Democratic primary. mar 4 tf

For Sale.

OR WILL LEASE FOR A TERM of years, the Hotel at Carolina Beach. Special inducements to a party willing to invest a few hundred dollars on the property.
Apply to
D. O'CONNOR,
Real Estate Agent.
fe 26 tf

Alderman from Second Ward.

By request of many voters of the Second Ward, we nominate W. H. Sprunt as a candidate at the Primary for Alderman of that ward.

B. G. WORTH, W. E. WORTH,
JNO. F. DIVINE, R. D. CRONLY,
T. M. EMERSON, P. DONLAN,
MATT J. HEYER, OWEN F. LOVE,
JAS. I. METTS, J. C. MUNDS,
WILLIAM CALDER, GABRIEL HOLMES,
H. G. SMALLBONES, W. J. WOODWARD.
ma 8 3t

NOTICE.

The Inspectors for the Primary on Monday, March 13th, and the Registrars and Inspectors for the regular election on Thursday, March 23rd, are notified to meet at the City Hall, Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock, to qualify and receive instructions and obtain Registration books.
WM. STRUTHERS,
ma 9 2t City Clerk and Treasurer.

Seed Irish Potatoes.

50 bbls. Houlton Rose Potatoes.
50 bags Houlton Rose Potatoes.
25 bbls Bliss' Triumph Potatoes.

All Aroostook County, Maine, Goods.
D. L. GORE.
ma 9 tf

REMOVAL.

I beg to announce to my friends and customers that I have removed my Fruit and Confectionery store from 122 to 204 Princess street, second door from the corner of Second, where I will be glad to welcome you one and all.
I have added a line of Fine Cigars to my stock, and will carry constantly a
CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF
Candies, Fruits, Cigars, etc.
I am better equipped than ever for manufacturing choice Candies. I will gladly welcome you to my new store.
Yours, very truly,
J. W. PLUMMER, Jr.
ma 9 3t

Consignments of Florida Oranges,

Brunswick County Yams,
North Carolina Hams,
Shoulders and Sides
MUST BE CLOSED OUT.
HALL & PEARSALL,
ma 8 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets.

20c. Commence To-morrow (Monday) 20c.
THAT'S A GOOD DAY.
Corneau's Bed Bug Interseptic
Does the work quickly, 20c.
20c. quietly and pleasantly.
JAS. D. NUTT, Druggist.
ma 8 tf

MACKEREL.

Not the Cheapest, but without a doubt the Fattest No. 1 Larger Bloater

MACKEREL

n the city. You'll surely want one if you see them.

Just opened.
S. W. SANDERS,
ma 8 tf AT THE UNLUCKY CORNER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHNSON'S
Great Sale Continues.
Entire Stock
Don't Miss This Chance for Splendid Bargains.
No. 111 Market Street.
fe 26 tf

Vollers & Hashagen.

PROVISIONS.

"Q" BRAND FLOUR

Has an immense sale. Try it and increase your business.

The sale of Cigars increases, and we still offer
Cuban Blossoms,
Renown,
Topical Twist.
If your trade languishes try any above brands and you will regain it.

Dealers in
HOG PRODUCTS,
Canned Meats,
Lard, &c.
fe 19 tf Nutt street, A. C. L. Crossing.

Heavy and Fancy Groceries.

We have just received a large and select stock, which we offer to the trade at close figures: Flour, Salt, Molasses, Coffee, Tobacco, Snuff, Bacon, Lard, Soaps, Meal, Rice, Bagging, Ties, Nails, Oysters, Peaches, Cakes, Cheese, Corn Beef, Baking Powders, Teas, Cheroots, Cigarettes, Tomatoes, etc. In fact,
Everything kept in a First-class Grocery Store.
WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.
WILLIAMS BROS.,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants.
fe 18 tf

SPECIAL SALE OF
Fine . . . .
Crystalized
Fruit . . . .
35 CENTS POUND
Figs, Pears, Pineapples, Cherries, Limes, Apricots and Angelique.
At PALACE BAKERY.
ma 7 tf

Kainit.

Seed Oats, all Kinds
Seed Potatoes.
GENERAL STOCK
GROCERIES.
At Wholesale.
McNAIR & PEARSALL.
fe 9 tf

N. F. PARKER.
Furniture, Furniture Novelties
No. 17 S. Front St.
Mattresses of all kinds made and renovated. Furniture renovated, refinished, upholstered repaired, packed, hauled, stored and insured. To accommodate those who cannot visit my store during the usual business hours, I will keep open Mondays and Thursdays till 8.30 o'clock P. M. and Saturdays till 10 P. M.
Special Bargain: Solid Oak Chiffonier, five drawers, shaped top, swelled front, $4.98.
Bell 'Phone 310. ma 5 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve month, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpariel type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops Picnics, Society Meetings, Political meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 9.

"NOTHING MORE NOR LESS THAN A CRIME."

Gen. Catlin, who is with the army of occupation in Cuba, is writing some interesting letters to the Brooklyn *Citizen*, in which he entertainingly discusses the country, the people, and the situation as he sees it with the eyes of an American and a soldier. His last letter, which describes the peculiarities of climate and the characteristics of the people, which are quite as peculiar as the climate, concludes thus:

I have seen nothing yet to induce me to change my views on the situation, and it is my serious judgment that the "army of occupation," both military and civil, should give place so soon as possible to those who have been promised independence and free government. If men can be found, like La Coste and Mora for Mayor and Civil Governor, who are competent to fill those high positions; if men can be found who can be trusted to perform police duty in Havana, and men who can be depended upon to protect the property of the people as volunteer firemen, which seems to be conceded, why may not the large number of educated and business men in the island be trusted at no distant day to have charge of national as well as municipal affairs? Besides, it seems to me nothing more or less than a crime to compel American troops who have never passed the hot, rainy season here to remain without absolute military or governmental necessity. And so says everyone who has no selfish purpose to subserve."

The spring time with its rainy days and pestilence breeding will soon be there to confront the army of occupation. This army will of necessity be confined to the more unhealthful sections of the island, the cities, for that is where it will be needed most if needed at all. And yet what progress has been made in putting matters into such a shape that this army can be withdrawn?

To all intents and purposes the problem of a stable government for Cuba is but little if any nearer solution now than it was the day the Spaniards evacuated the island. The Cubans have no love for nor confidence in the Americans, and the Americans have no confidence in nor respect for the Cubans. It is simply a case of mutual distrust, with each watching the other to see that one does not get the advantage of the other.

This lack of confidence on the part of the Cubans has been somewhat justified by the air of authority which our military representatives assume, and by the cavalier manner in which they ignore the Cubans who manifest a disposition to have something to say about governing themselves, and the lack of American confidence in the Cubans has been somewhat justified by their desire to be considered the largest pebble on the beach.

Cuban lack of confidence in the Americans has been somewhat justified, again, by the rush for concessions by American syndicates and others and the course pursued by this Government in forbidding any concessions unless approved by the U. S. War Department, which is presided over by one of our boss speculators. The Cubans have an unsophisticated notion that as the island belongs to them they are the people who should manage the concession business if there was to be any of it.

American lack of confidence in the Cubans was somewhat justified again by the disposition shown to take every advantage of this country, to reap all the benefit they could out of it to pay their army, which before the United States espoused their cause didn't expect any pay, by the marvellous increase in the army when there was a prospect of pay, and by the squabblings in the so-called legislative assembly over their relations with this country.

The fact is that the mass of the Cubans didn't have much moral standing before the war, and we completely demoralized them by the paternalism we assumed over them. We fed their reconcentrados while the war was on and since the war has ended we have been feeding their soldiers and their poor, feeding so many of them and doing it so well that they are not making any effort to feed themselves. And there are thousands of them over there who do not care how long we play the rolo of feeder. When we stop feeding them or giving them work they become sullen and growl as if made the victims of some injustice, or deprived of some right to which they have an unquestionable title. To sum it all up the average Cuban doesn't like the American any better than the Spaniard, and has not the slightest feeling of gratitude for what has been done for Cuba, for this they now, if they did not before, attribute to selfish motives.

This feeling isn't confined to the lower classes either, or to the so-called common people, for the higher classes share it with them. This is shown by the way that Gen. Gomez held aloof when Gen. Garcia was trying to secure the co-operation of his people in aiding the Americans to establish a government for them. Gomez swung in his hammock until Garcia disappeared, and then he was lured into co-operation with the promise of taking him in as one of the chief counsellors, and $3,000,000 to stop the mouths of the "patriots" who were clamoring for their reward for fighting to free themselves from Spanish oppression. We don't think history shows anything just like this, where the delivered claimed the right to live on their delivers, and to expect bounty from them.

But we have by our own course in Cuba encouraged that disposition, instead of giving them to understand that we proposed to stand sponsor for them only until they could get their matters in good shape, and that they must hustle and do that, so that they could attend to their business and we to ours.

But there were men who had much to do with the subsequent proceedings in that islands who had irons of their own in the fire, who were playing for concessions, railroads, iron mines, tobacco and sugar plantations, wharve privileges, etc., etc., which couldn't be worked up all at once and the occupation has been prolonged, in their interest if not through their influence. We would not charge that they were instrumental in this, but the fact remains, nevertheless, that we have been killing a good deal of time over there, making fearfully slow progress in straightening things out, and keeping our soldiers there at their peril, when they ought to be at home. To go on with this thing in this way, and keep those men there, when by expediting business they might get out is, as Gen. Catlin characterizes it, "nothing more nor less than a crime."

RESIGNATION WITH A STRING.

Notwithstanding his resignation, S. Otho Wilson still claims to be a railroad commissioner and has filed notice that he will contest the claim of Mr. Rogers, who has been elected one of the commission on corporations, which has been created to take the place of the railroad commission.

S. Otho played his game cute. Pretending not to be actuated by the desire for the office but by the desire for vindication from the charges upon which Governor Russell based his justification for removing him, he tendered his resignation, which was accepted, and then the Legislature decided that there was no just ground for his removal, which would have reinstated him, as it did Major Wilson, if he had not resigned, and the resignation been accepted. The action of the Legislature entitled him to his salary for the time he was laid off, which he drew, and having this salary in his pocket he now proposes, notwithstanding his resignation, to hold on and claim the salary until the courts decide that he is not entitled to any more. The salary is $166.66⅔ a month, which is a pretty snug sum for Mr. Wilson, when so many men are tugging along and scratching hard to make ends meet.

His counsel who instituted these proceedings for the great Gideonite says he is not really hankering for the job of commissioner, but he apprehends that the courts may declare the act creating the corporation commission unconstitutional, in which event the railway commission would be restored and the Governor would have the appointment of the commissioners, if there should be vacancies, and that rather than give him this satisfaction he, (S. Otho,) would overcome his reluctance to holding office and put up with the annoyance for the paltry sum of $166.66⅔ a month. S. Otho is cute, but this was a mean trick to play on the gentlemen who helped to paint him.

The New Jersey Senate has passed a bill allowing her soldiers who served in the Cuban war pay in addition to what the United States paid. It gives $4 a month to single and $6 to married men, the aggregate amounting to $186,000. But New Jersey has a steady pull on the Trust combines she charters, and doesn't mind a little $180,000.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

ANOTHER GRABBER.

Italy has entered the ring as one of the land-grabbers in China. The size of the grab she proposes to make is thus stated by the Pekin correspondent of the London *Times*:

"Italy's demand upon the Chinese government for a lease of San Mun Bay as a coaling station and naval base, on the same conditions as those under which Germany holds Kiao Chau, includes a demand for a concession of three islands off the coast of Che Kiang province, with the right to construct a railway from San Muu Bay to Po Van Lake, and preferential mining and railway rights, within a sphere of influence covering the southern two-thirds of Che Kiang province."

According to the customary phraseology this is called a "lease"—only a matter of one-hundred years—but practically it means perpetual possession, for long before that China will be so partitioned and split up that there will be no China.

In reply to the demand for this lease the Tsung Li Yamen replied so curtly that it was construed into an insult to Italy, whereupon Italian warships landed men at San Mun, which means that the lease must come whether the Tsung Li Yaman was willing or not. This move was followed up by a demand for an apology, the object being to trump up a provocation for landing marines, as a justification for seizing what was wanted but refused.

Following Italy, Belgium is putting in for a concession in another quarter, not quite as imperatively as Italy has, but she will probably get it all the same, for it is a very small dog that can't bite a chunk out of China now.

About the only reason assigned why Italy has made this demand on China is that leases have been granted to Russia, Germany, France and England, and Italy feels that she is as much entitled to a slice of Mongolia as any of them, and that while the favors are being distributed she would try for some of them. The Chinese haven't killed any Italian missionaries, or attacked any Italian consuls, or done anything else which might be construed into an offence, save this curt refusal to grant the 100-year lease demanded, and that was an entirely supplemental proceeding. The spirit of grab seems to have become universal, and poor, rotten old China is falling to pieces.

BOOK NOTICES.

The Atlantic Monthly for March presents an excellent list of contents, of a solid and substantial character, by which the reader may be much benefited. Published by Houghton, Mifflin & Co., No. 11 East Seventeenth street, New York.

The *Century Magazine* for March is up to its usual excellence, which is saying a great deal. The list of contents is varied and interesting, and superbly illustrated. Naval Constructor Hobson continues the story of the sinking of the Merrimac, and subsequent proceedings, very interestingly told. Published by The Century Company, Union Square, New York.

The reader will enjoy *McClure's Magazine* for March, which is filled with interesting and instructive articles, handsomely illustrated. Embraced in the list is a very interesting article on liquid air, showing how it is produced and the immense possibilities in it is a power supplier. Published by the S. E. McClure Company, 141-155 Twenth-fith street, New York.

TWINKLINGS.

— The man with two many irons in the fire is sure to take one by the hot end.—*Dallas (Tex.) News.*

— It seems strange that a fellow isn't "in the swim" when society throws him overboard.—*Philadelphia Record.*

—"The prison brass band plays very well." "Yes; you see the musicians all have a good idea of time."—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

— Teacher — "Now, children, what did George Washington do for his country?" Chorus of children—"He had a birthday."—Puck.

— Mrs. Crawford—"What does your husband give up during Lent?" Mrs. Crabshaw—"I never knew him to swear off anything except his taxes."—*Judge.*

— "Was George Washington a Senator, papa?" asked Sammy Snaggs. "No, my son." "If he had been a Senator would he have cut down a plum tree instead of a cherry tree?"—*Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.*

He had been studying a new bankruptcy law. "It is cheaper to fail than to pay bills," he said at last. "Not always," was the reply. "Not if you get hold of a high priced lawyer, for instance."—*Washington Star.*

— "What is your position on the open door policy?" asked the diplomat. "Well," answered Li-Hung-Chang. "I don't know as it makes much difference to me, so long as I can keep on the inside."—*Washington Star.*

— Jenkins—"Baby not well eh? You ought to call in Dr. Brown. We sent for him last week, and the moment he saw our baby he guessed what the trouble was." Jackson—"What was it?" Jenkins—"Pins."—*Puck.*

— Tempora Mutantur: "Scylla and Charybdis," said his friend, "were the two dangerous rocks so often mentioned in ancient literature." "I know," replied the Congressman. "If we had them over here they'd be mentioned in every river and harbor bill."—*Puck*

IN ITS ADVANCED and chronic form a cold in the head is known as Nasal Catarrh and is the recognized source of other diseases. Having stood the test of continued successful use, Ely's Cream Balm is recognized as a specific for membranal diseases in the nasal passages, and you make a great mistake in not resorting to this treatment in your own case. To test it a trial size for 10 cents or the large for 50 cents is mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York. Druggists keep it.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Hendersonville *Times*: Owing to the mad-dog scare, the town fathers last week imposed a fine of $10 upon all owners of dogs allowed to run at large, within twenty days from that date.

— Newton *Enterprise*: Farmers are getting right impatient to get their plows started. It is only a few weeks till planting time and they have had no opportunity to get and land ready.

—Winston *Journal*: John W. Williams, supervisor of schools for Surry county, dropped dead in the woods near Rockford last week. He was out with a surveying party, when death came without a moment's warning.

— Asheville *Citizen*: P. A. Miller tells the *Citizen* of a freak calf belonging to John S. Fultam of 23 Pine street. The calf, which is two days, old, is absolutely devoid of eyes, although the sockets are there. Otherwise, the calf is perfectly developed and as healthy as can be.

Statesville *Landmark*: The farmers are much behind with their work. The weather the past winter has been so bad that they could do nothing and the time for spring work is far advanced. If the ground ever gets dry enough to plow there will be a "throng" time among the farming population.

— Lincoln *Journal*: Phons. Rhyne, the murder of Mr. T. G. Falls, was tried in Gaston superior court last week and convicted of murder in the first degree. He was sentenced to be hanged on April 20th. Sheriff Love again outwitted the lynchers, bringing the condemned man through Lincolnton and taking him ostensibly to Monroe, but really to Raleigh, for safekeeping.

— Newbern *Journal:* One of the incidents of the wind blowing the water out of the river, was the strange sight of the shad fishermen gathering fish from the nets well above the water, making it a veritable fishing in the air. The shad had been caught in the nets and the water running out left the nets suspended from the posts and high above the water, the fishermen having to just go along and pick the fish out of their nets.

— Wilson *News:* This (Tuesday) morning a warrant was sworn out before Judge Lancaster for the arrest of a negro woman, living near Saratoga. The warrant charges her with killing her husband by means of "Rough on Rats." He was buried on Saturday, and to-day the owner of the land on which he lived swore out a warrant. Sheriff Sharpe, Dr. Ruffin, the coronor, in company with Dr. Walton, of Saratoga, went to that place this afternoon, the coroner to hold a post mortem examination and the sheriff to arrest the suspected woman. It is impossible to obtain any names at this writing.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—Many a man has been hanged on the testimony of two witnesses, or even on circumstantial evidence, without any witness at all. Here are twenty-six witnesses who swear that Alger's beef was not fit to eat, and there are more to come. Obviously a thousand witness who swore that they had never come across any of the bad beef would not offset that testimony.—*New York Journal.*

—— The mills of God are grinding in the Dreyfus case, slowly but to good effect. The gallant Picquart has been rescued from persecution and put in the way of having justice done to him. The cover of secrecy, or screen for injustice, has been removed, and whatever is now done in the whole business will be done in the honest light of day. It is well for Picquart and for Dreyfus, and most of all it is well for France. —*New York Tribune, Dem.*

—— It is very regrettable, but the proceedings before the new Beef Inquiry tribunal seems to show Beef Trust leanings. There probably can be no honest inquiry as long as Alger remains Secretary of War. On the one side is the word of the soldiers, and on the other are the power of the War Department and the money of the inculpated Trust.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

A Good Way to Freshen Crape.

"In buying crape," says Emma M. Hooper in The Ladies' Home Journal, "it is well to ask for the waterproof and thus avoid anxiety when in the rain, as the ordinary material will spot and lose its crispness when wet. When this does happen, or if the crape has worn rusty looking and shabby, it may be steamed and thus renew its glossy, crisp texture and appearance. This process has been tried for many years in my immediate family and gives the most satisfactory results, and it may be repeated as often as necessary. Rip the hems out of the veil or the trimming to be renovated, as each piece must be flat. Brush the dust off with an old piece of silk and pull out all of the threads. Then have a clean broom handle and around this wrap each piece of crape, keeping it smooth until all are on the handle and fastened with small pins. Do not pull it very tightly. Keep a wash boiler half full of boiling water and rest the handle across the edges of the boiler so that it may be turned several times during the five hours that the crape is steaming. Then stand the handle up until the crape is perfectly dry. This usually requires ten hours. When unpinned, it will be found glossy and crisp as when now, and a pleasure to the economical woman."

To Grow Violets Successfully.

One all important item in the culture of violets is ventilation. They must have fresh air and plenty of it at all times. Good ventilation is easily secured by placing blocks under the ends of the sash. They will require careful watching during the bright, sunny days, to prevent the temperature from rising too high. The nearer it can be kept at from 55 to 60 degrees during the blooming season the better. Cooler temperature before time for blooming will be necessary. During severe winter weather it will be necessary to cover the sash with manure, strawy litter or old carpets to keep out the cold. These coverings should not remain on during the daytime unless it seems necessary. As to watering the grower will have to use some judgment. Violets must never be allowed to dry out, and require considerable water. Allow plenty of water, but avoid daily soaking, whether needed or not. It is rather a difficult matter to grow violets in the house, the hot dry heat of the ordinary living room being disastrous to the health of the plant.—Woman's Home Companion.

Marriage In Sweden.

It is said that there is no place in the world where the existence of civilization is recognized that the maidens of the land enjoy so much innocent freedom as do the girls of Sweden. On the other hand, the wives are peculiarly devoted and sedate, and it is often a source of wonder to travelers how the young woman who is brimming full of mischief and teasing while unmarried settles down to the duties of her home with such ease and quickness. Among the lower classes one of the most cherished customs is that of the betrothed girl making with her own fingers the snowy shirt in which her husband is married. This garment is sacredly kept, and not infrequently does the aged wife robe her dead husband in the old yellowed shirt which she made for him half a century before.

READ THE SIGN BOARDS.

Warner's Safe Cure the Victor Among Modern Medicines.

It was once believed that a finger ring made from a coffin-nail would cure epilepsy. The tooth of a soldier who had been killed in battle was regarded as a remedy for toothaches. Imagine such ghastly nonsense as this parading as medical science! Yet the human mind, like the human body, must creep before it can walk. In time men learned to reason and medicine was put upon a rational basis. Back in the old days, some childish or disgusting mess would have been used to relieve indigestion. Mark the progress illustrated in this letter from J. E. Stockwell, of Lincoln, Neb.

"I have been badly affected with trouble of the stomach and have used nearly all kinds of medicines and doctored with local physicians to no avail. After being almost completely discouraged, I was advised to use Warner's Safe Cure, which I did, and I am glad to be able to say that it is the only remedy that has done me any good. I have used three bottles and am feeling like a new man all over. I am thankful to the Warner's Safe Cure Co. for their medicine, and can recommend it cheerfully to those suffering as I have suffered."

Another instance of the victory of rational medicine is afforded by Jacob Cramp, of Birdsboro, Berks County, Pa., who wrote, May 10th, 1898:

"I have taken five bottles of Warner's Safe Cure. It relieved me of the pain over my kidneys. When I got down I could hardly get up again. I did not know what was wrong with me. I could hardly do my work. I heard of Safe Cure and thought I would try it. After taking one bottle I felt better. I am very grateful for Warner's Safe Cure and would advise people to try it."

Just one case more. Averett Perry, of Louisburg, N. C., says:

"I have taken only one bottle of Warner's Safe Cure and it has done me more good than anything else I ever took. I had an aching feeling in the pit of my stomach. I want to thank you from the bottom of my heart. I can recommend Safe Cure as the finest medicine in the world."

Does the clear and energetic language of these men leave any doubt of their sincerity? The stomach derangement spoken of is commonly associated with the approach of Bright's disease. No painted Indian ever crept to a settler's cabin more stealthily than Bright's disease invades the body. A dull white skin, tendency to perspire, indigestion and short breath give warning of the enemy.

Lose neither time nor courage. Take Warner's Safe Cure regularly, and bear in mind that it has a record of twenty glorious years. It cures all ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder, including even the terrible disease named for Dr. Bright. The road to health is open, if only you read the sign board aright.

THE BELLICOSE KENTUCKIAN.

Credited With Having Reversed the Destinies of the New World.

The utility of possessing New Orleans was evident, were it only to acquire the incontestable right to navigate the Mississippi, Spain having expressly interdicted this navigation to the Americans. But with New Orleans we sold them Louisiana—that is to say, an immense extent of territory which had no northwest boundary because that part of the continent was still unknown. This vast extent of gray horizon produced the Kentuckian, who became the father of the second phase of the American spirit, as the Puritan was father of the first. The Kentuckian had in him a touch of Virginian civilization grafted upon the temperament of the trapper and adventurer. Do not neglect a single opportunity of studying that strange type of the Kentuckian.

It is he who has reversed the destinies of the new world. What he was is still to be found in the man of Chicago, but attenuated and deformed. The Kentuckian loved whisky, dueling and cards. He was crazy over eloquence. The sense of grandeur was developed in him in a surprising fashion. He wished to magnify everything. His patriotism was pure, but exalted. Napoleon was his god and the eagle his emblem. He was bellicose. He urged on the war against England in 1812. He wanted to conquer Canada. He obtained finally the annexation of Texas, the invasion of California, the war against Mexico. The treaty of Guadaloupe-Hidalgo crowned his prayers. The United States stretched now from one ocean to the other. Its area was quintupled in 45 years. It took rank among the great countries of the world. The Kentuckian, obscure workman of this immense task, had for standard bearer in the federal senate the celebrated Henry Clay, after whom Webster and Calhoun patterned themselves, all three enamoured of the same dream of national greatness.—Revue Bleue.

He Effected a Sale.

She made a call at her usual drapery establishment to purchase some stockings.

Taking a seat, she was shown by the obliging young man some very pretty striped articles, but she did not care for them, as she thought they were out of fashion.

The assistant began to wonder how he could convince the lady that this was not so. A bright idea entered his head.

"Madam," said he, "I will soon prove to you that most ladies are wearing them at the present moment. You see, madam, there are about ten ladies in the shop. Don't be alarmed when I shout, but keep your eyes on the other ladies' feet."

He gave a knowing smile, and, bounding over the counter, shouted in a loud voice:

"A mouse! A mouse!"

Each lady instantly drew up her dress, with the result that—well, she ordered six pairs of those striped stockings.—Pearson's Weekly.

Why She Looked Pale.

Not long since a sentimental young Liverpool lady was down on the Cunard steamship pier, where she saw a young girl sitting on a trunk in an attitude of absolute dejection and despair.

"Poor thing!" thought the romantic girl. "She is probably alone and a stranger. Her pale cheeks and great sad eyes tell of a broken heart and a yearning for sympathy. She has probably had some unfortunate affair and has left her lover in America."

She went over to the traveler to win her confidence.

"Were you crossed in love?" she asked sympathetically.

"No," replied the girl, with a sigh; "crossed in the Servia, and a mighty rough passage too!"—London Tit-Bits.

He Ought to Know.

It is said that the late Professor Cohn of Breslau, the famous botanist, thus opened his course of lectures on botany: "The four chief constituents of plants are: Carbon, C; oxygen, O; hydrogen, H, and nitrogen, N." Then writing down these four letters, with apparent carelessness, on the blackboard—COHN—he smiled, observing, "It is clear that I ought to know something about botany."

Among the odd names in Jefferson county, Ind., are Rat Row, Possum Trot, Doe Run, Goat Hollow, Hog Trough, Mud Lick, Mollie's Run, Carpet Allen, Gentry's Bluff, Wash Board, Indian Sofa, Rabbit Hash, Ten Cent Pollywog, Sausage Row and Pig's Eye.—Exchange

It is claimed that at present the English language is spoken by 110,500,000 people.

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other.

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidneys and back, in male or female. Relieves retension of water almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist, Wilmington, N. C., corner Front and Market streets.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

A Fastidious Desdemona.

When Wilson Barrett did his "one night only" performance of "Othello" in Melbourne, he "passioned" with much frenzy and gave rise to a ludicrous situation. Having stifled Desdemona in a businesslike fashion, he came down the stage, being first supposed to draw the tapestry together, leaving the smothered Miss Jeffries comfortably corpsed on the bed.

But in his enthusiasm he did not quite close the arras, and while he was elocuting in the foreground half the audience were tittering at the comic sight of the beauteous corpse in the rear sitting up and arranging her draperies to picturesque advantage. Having seen that they were correctly displayed, Maud Desdemona lay down and went dead again, while Wilson Barrett continued his riot.—Sydney Bulletin.

Sailors Can't Swear.

The regulations of both the army and navy forbid profanity, and any soldier or sailor who objects to being sworn at by his superior officer may make complaint, thereby subjecting the offending officer to trial by court martial. Yet we have reason to believe that such men as Washington, Farragut and Grant could swear and did swear upon occasion, and history furnishes no record of their having been court martialed on that account.—Exchange.

His Addition.

A down east correspondent recalls a story told in the last century of a schoolboy named Eells, who had a teacher named Bascom. The lad afterward became a noted preacher. One day his teacher set for a copy in the boy's writing book, "Eels are an ordinary fish." The boy copied it very carefully and added, "Eels were an ordinary fish till Bascom (bass come)."—New York Times.

The Cold Shoulder.

It was once customary in France when a guest had remained too long for the host to serve a cold shoulder of mutton instead of a hot roast. This was the origin of the phrase "to give the cold shoulder."

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged. The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute		@	6
Standard		@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	13½
Sides ℔ ℔		@	6
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6½	@	6½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	5½	@	5¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6	@	6¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 10
New New York, each		@	1 20
New City, each		@	1 30
BEESWAX ℔ ℔		@	22
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	18
Northern	20	@	23
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	49	@	50
Virginia Meal		@	50
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	75	@	80
CANDLES—℔ ℔			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔			
Northern Factory	10½	@	11¼
Dairy Cream		@	11
State		@	10¼
COFFEE—℔ ℔			
Laguyra	12	@	16
Rio	8	@	10
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5½
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
EGGS—℔ dozen	11	@	12
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	9 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets ℔ barrel	2 50	@	4 00
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 00	@	8 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade		@	3 00
Choice		@	3 50
Straight	3 75	@	4 00
First Patent	4 50	@	5 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½	@	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	53	@	55
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	50
Oats, from store	40	@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	45
Cow Peas	60	@	75
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	6½
Dry flint		@	10
Dry salt		@	9
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s			
Clover Hay	50	@	75
Rice Straw	40	@	45
Eastern		@	75
Western		@	73
North River		@	75
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1½	@	1¾
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	5	@	7
North Carolina	6	@	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	18 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES ℔ gallon—			
Barbadoes, in hogshead		@	35
Barbadoes, in barrels		@	38
Porto Rico, in hogsheads		@	37
Porto Rico, in barrels		@	38
Sugar House, in hogsheads	13	@	14
Sugar House, in barrels	14	@	15
Syrup, in barrels	15	@	25
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 60	@	1 65
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess		@	11 00
Rump		@	10 50
Prime		@	10 00
ROPE ℔ ℔	10	@	12
SALT, ℔ sack, Alum		@	1 10
Liverpool	75	@	80
American	70	@	75
On 196 ℔ Sacks		@	47½
SHINGLES, Cypress, per M	5 00	@	6 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5½	@	5½
Standard A	5	@	5¼
White Extra C	5	@	5¼
Extra C, Golden		@	5
C, Yellow		@	4¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	6
STAVES, ℔ M—W O, barrel	6 00	@	14 00
R O, Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Palmo		@	7 00
Mill, Fair		@	6 50
Common Mill	4 50	@	5 00
Inferior to ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
SHINGLES, N C Cypress sawed			
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50	@	8 50
" Sap	5 00	@	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50	@	5 00
" Sap	4 00	@	4 50
6x24 Heart	6 00	@	5 50
" Sap	5 00	@	5 50
TALLOW, ℔ ℔		@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon, Northern	1 00	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 00	@	2 00
WOOL, per ℔—Unwashed	10	@	15

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, March 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market firm at 44½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 44 cents per gallon for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at 95 cents per bbl for Strained and $1.00 for Good Strained.

TAR—Market steady at $1.00 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Nothing doing.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 35@34½c rosin firm, at $1.25, $1.30; tar firm, $1.10; crude turpentine, nothing doing

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	20
Rosin	187
Tar	102
Crude Turpentine	18

Receipts same day last year.—15 casks spirits turpentine, 86 bbls rosin, 33 bbls tar, 4 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market firm on a basis of 6c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 9-16 cts.	℔	lb
Good Ordinary	4 15-16	"	"
Low Middling	5 9-16	"	"
Middling	6	"	"
Good Middling	6 5-16	"	"

Same day last year middling 5⅞c.

Receipts—175 bales; same day last year 219.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS — North Carolina — Prime, 55 to 60c per bushel of 28 pounds; extra prime, 65c; fancy, 70c. Virginia—Extra prime, 55c; fancy, 60c; Spanish, 80@90c.

CORN—Firm, 45 to 47½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—Lowland (tidewater) 90c@$1.10; upland, 65@80c. Quotations on a basis of 45 pounds to the bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; hams 9 to 10c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five-inch hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2.25; six-inch, $2.25 to 3.25, seven-inch, $3.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.50 to 6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Money on call was steady at 2½@3 per cent., last loan being at 2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3½@3¾ per cent. Sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 485½@485¾ for demand and 483½@483¾ for sixty days. Posted rates 484½@485 and 486½@487. Commercial bills 482½@483 Silver certificates nominal at 59½@60¼. Bar silver 59¼. Mexican dollars 47½. Government bonds strong. State bonds strong. Railroad bonds strong. U. S. 3's, 107; U. S. new 4's, registered 128; do. coupon, 128; U. S. 4's 111; do. coupon, 112¾; do. 2's, 99; U. S. 5's, registered, 111¾; do. 5's coupon, 111¾; N. C. 6's 130 b; do. 4's, 104 b; Southern Railway 5's 105⅞. Stocks: Baltimore & Ohio 70; Chesapeake & Ohio 27½; Manhattan L 110¾; N. Y. Central 135¼; Reading 24⅞; do. 1st preferred 67½; St. Paul 128⅞; do. preferred 169¼; Southern Railway 12¾; do. preferred 48¾; American Tobacco 195½; do. preferred 148; People's Gas 112¾; Sugar 142; do. preferred 115; T. C. & Iron 44¼; U. S. Leather 6¾; do. preferred 71⅝; Western Union 94½.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

If It's Worth Printing the Twice-a-Week Courier-Journal Will Print It.

And Every Democrat, Every Republican, Every Man, Woman or Child who can read will want to read it.

THE TWICE-A-WEEK COURIER-JOURNAL is a Democratic paper, of six or eight pages, issued Wednesday and Saturday of each week. The Wednesday issue prints all the Clean News, and the Saturday issue prints Stories, Miscellany, Poetry, all matters of special interest in the home. It is edited by Henry Watterson.

Price $1.00 a Year.

You get 104 good papers, of six or eight pages each, for $1—LESS THAN ONE CENT A PAPER

USEFUL PREMIUMS

Are given Club Raisers, and good-paying commissions are allowed agents.

Daily Courier-Journal, 1 year...$6.00
Daily and Sunday, 1 year..... 8.00
Sunday alone, 1 yea..... 3.00

jan 1 tf

The Murchison National Bank.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Capital $200,000.

Opens Wednesday morning, March 1st. Business solicited. Patrons can rely on strict attention to their accounts, and

As liberal methods as are consistent with safe banking.

H. C. McQUEEN, President.
J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

K. M. MURCHISON,	J. A. SPRINGER,
M. J. CORBETT,	W. G. WHITEHEAD
J. C. STEVENSON,	T. M. EMERSON,
A. B. NICHOLS,	A. S. WILLIAMS,
R. W. WALLACE,	FRED KIDDER,
H. C. McQUEEN,	N. JACOBI,
J. V. GRAINGER,	N. B. RANKIN,
W. H. SPRUNT.	

ma 1 tf

For any kind of GOOD SHOES Call on Us.

We can generally suit even the most fastidious customer.

Be sure and see the "JENNESS MILLER" at $3.50
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.00
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.50
Be sure and see the DUTTENHOFERS at 2.00

These are the BEST SHOES MADE, at the prices, for Ladies' wear.
The W. L. Douglass Gent's Fine Shoes are Beauties." Try them also.
We have a limited number of beautiful SEASON CALENDARS. Call for one with your purchase. Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS.

ja 26 tf

EPISCOPAL HIGH SCHOOL,

Near Alexandria, Virginia.

For Boys. The 60th year opens Sept. 28, 1898. Important additional improvements in buildings and equipment. Illustrated catalogue sent on application.

L. M. Blackford, M. A., Principal.

fy 31 tf wo su

CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF!

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

CITY'S NEW CHARTER

Text of the Measure As It Finally Passed the General Assembly.

LAW AS TO THE PRIMARIES.

Mayor, Aldermen, Chief of Police and Executive Committeemen Only to be Voted For—Other Officers to be Chosen by Aldermen.

AN ACT TO BE ENTITLED "AN ACT TO AMEND THE CHARTER OF THE CITY OF WILMINGTON."

The General Assembly of North Carolina Do Enact:

SECTION 1. That an Act entitled "An Act to Amend the Charter of the City of Wilmington," ratified the 9th day of March, A. D., 1895, and also an Act entitled "An Act to Amend the Charter of the City of Wilmington," ratified the 5th day of March, A. D., 1897, be and they are hereby repealed, and all laws and clauses of laws concerning the City of Wilmington existing at the time of the ratification of the Act of March 9th, 1895, are hereby declared to be in full force and effect, except so far as they are amended by this Act.

SEC. 2. That the election of Aldermen shall be held according to the Charter of the City of Wilmington and the Acts Amendatory thereto, except that the registration books may be open for only ten days previous to the election.

SEC. 3. No member of the Board of Aldermen shall be eligible to the office of Mayor, or other city office or employment, until the expiration of the term for which such Alderman may have been elected or appointed.

SEC. 4. The Mayor of the City shall receive a salary in lieu of any and all other compensation, to be fixed by the Board of Audit and Finance, of not less than Twelve Hundred Dollars, nor more than Two Thousand Dollars per annum, which salary shall not be diminished during his term of office.

SEC. 5. No person arrested by the City Police for a violation of the laws of North Carolina or the ordinances of the City shall be brought before any other person than the Mayor for trial or submission, except upon the usual affidavit for removal now provided by law.

SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of the Mayor to have all persons who are tramps or vagrants, as defined by the laws of North Carolina, brought before him and to notify such tramps or vagrants to find employment within twenty-four hours or leave the city; and, upon failure or refusal to do so within said time, to arrest and put them to work on the streets or other city property for a period not exceeding thirty days.

SEC. 7. The terms of the City Attorney and the City Clerk and Treasurer shall be for two years, beginning on the first Monday in April of each year in which the new Board of Aldermen are to be elected under existing laws, and shall not be removed except for cause.

SEC. 8. That Jesse Wilder, C. W. Yates, S. P. McNair, H. C. McQueen and W. A. Riach be and they are hereby appointed members of the Board of Audit and Finance, whose terms shall commence upon the expiration of the term of the members of the present Board, and shall continue for two years and until their successors are appointed.

PRIMARY ELECTIONS.

SEC. 9. That whenever the executive committee of any political party of citizens in the City of Wilmington decide to take by primary election the sense of the members of the said party as to the proper person or persons to be presented on behalf of that party to the voters of the city at an election to be held in the city, under the laws of this State, for the election of Aldermen in the several wards of the city, and as to the proper persons to be presented to the Board of Aldermen as the candidates of that party for the offices of Mayor and Chief of Police, and for the selection of the members of the city executive committee of such party, the said committee shall file a notice of the primary, with such rules for its conduct as it may adopt, not inconsistent with this act, with the City Clerk and Treasurer of said city, at least ten days before the time designated for the holding of said primary. Such notice and rules shall be signed by the chairman or acting chairman and attested by the secretary of said executive committee, and by them certified under oath to be true and correct copies of the originals adopted by a majority of said committee. Said notice shall state the places where the voters belonging to that party are requested to cast their votes for the candidates as herein stated; and there shall be only one such place designated for each ward of the city; and the day on which such primary election is to be held—not less than ten days before the city election and the hours within which it is to be held and the names of the inspectors appointed to hold such primary election and receive the votes that may be cast thereat and make report and return thereof, and the time, when such return and report shall be made to the committee directing such primary election to be held; and, also, the date at which a second primary shall be held, as hereinafter provided, in cases where no one person voted for shall have received a majority vote of those cast at the first primary. On the filing of the said notice, and, if the said committee shall have adopted rules for the conduct of said primary, upon the filing of said rules, as provided, with the city clerk and treasurer, the said officer shall immediately cause the same to be copied in a book to be kept and preserved in his office for that purpose and the said notice and rules to be published in three issues each of at least two, or more in his discretion, of the daily newspapers published in said city, under his certificate that the same were filed in his office and the primary called pursuant thereto.

SEC. 10. That no person can vote or take part in the proceedings of any primary election who is not by the laws of the State a lawful elector at the time such primary election is held.

SEC. 11. That the executive committee appointing the inspectors to hold such primary election may declare the terms and conditions on which legal electors offering to vote at such election shall be regarded and taken as proper members of the party at whose instance or in whose interest such primary election has been called or may be held, and therefore entitled to vote at such election as a member of that party, and to provide rules and regulations, not inconsistent with this act, for the conduct of such primary. And upon the filing and publication of said rules and regulations, as hereinbefore provided, any person who shall knowingly and willfully violate or attempt to violate the same shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined or imprisoned in the discretion of the court trying the same; provided, that the rule or regulation so violated or attempted to be violated be not inconsistent with the provisions of this act or the law of the State. And the record of the said rules and regulations in the office of the City Clerk and Treasurer shall be received in any court of this State as the evidence of the primary rules and regulations adopted by said party.

SEC. 12. That any recognized member of the party in whose interest such election is held may challenge the right of any person offering to vote at such election and the inspectors there authorized to hold, and holding, such election shall determine on the evidence then furnished whether the person so offering is entitled to vote at such election, and shall receive or reject such votes so offered as to them the evidence for or against the right of the persons so offering to vote shall reasonably warrant.

SEC. 13. That the polls shall be open for such primary elections from 7 A. M. to 7 P. M., and all votes shall be by ballot. The report to the committee so directing such primary elections by the officers holding the same, shall be in writing, with which the original ballots shall be returned and the poll list of the voters made at the time of the voting and the reasons on which any challenged vote was received or rejected. Said committee shall carefully examine the returns and reports so made and thereupon decide who are the persons that have been chosen by the majority vote cast in the primary election, and as candidates of the party for the office of aldermen at the approaching election; and such of the executive offices of the city to be voted for by the aldermen then to be elected as are mentioned in Section 9. The majority vote in a ward shall determine the result in that ward as to the persons to be the candidates of the party in that ward for aldermen and the committeemen from the ward to serve on the party's city executive committee. The majority of the aggregate vote cast in all the wards shall determine who shall be the party's candidates for Mayor and such other of the officials as are mentioned in Section 9. The said committee shall without delay publish in at least one issue each of two daily newspapers published in said city the tabulated statement of the result of the primary and declare who shall have been nominated and for what office, and also for what offices by reason of no person having received a majority of the vote cast there has been a failure to nominate. Thereupon, the second primary shall be held, as may be necessary because of the failure to nominate at the time designated in the first notice, and by the same inspectors appointed to hold the first primary, no other than the first notice being necessary; and at such primary only the two persons who shall have been voted for and received the highest and next highest vote in the first primary for candidates for a particular office shall be voted for in the second primary for that office; unless, either of those shall publicly withdraw by letter addressed to the said committee, in which event the third highest shall be then substituted for the person so withdrawing, or the fourth highest; and so on, if the persons voted for in the first and entitled to be voted for in the second primary shall in said manner withdraw. And the vote shall be canvassed and the result declared in the same manner as herein provided for the first primary.

SEC. 14. That except as herein provided all elections at primary elections under this act shall be regulated by the election law of the said city in force at the time such primary election is held as nearly as the same can be done.

SEC. 15. That if any person who is not entitled to vote under this act shall vote at any primary election held hereunder, or vote more than once, or personate another person, or in any name other than his own legal name, or in any manner disturb the orderly proceedings of any such election, or intimidate, or in any manner attempt to intimidate, or to deter from voting, or bribe or attempt to bribe, any lawful voter, or impose, or attempt to impose on any lawful voter, a ticket or ballot other than it appears on its face to be, such person or persons shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be fined not less than $10.00, or be sentenced to hard labor upon the streets of the city for not more than three months, one or both at the discretion of the court trying the case.

SEC. 16. That the inspectors who may hold such primary elections under this act, and return the votes, proceedings and actions thereof, herein provided, shall before assuming the duties make oath before some officer authorized to administer an oath, that they will honestly, faithfully, and to the best of their ability, do and perform all the duties of their respective offices, and any willful violation of said oath or of any other taken under the provisions of this act, shall be held to be perjury, and shall be punished as provided by the laws of the State for the crime of perjury.

The Chief of Police and the Sheriff of New Hanover County are required to see that good order is preserved at such election, and may arrest and prevent for commitment to the nearest officer clothed with the power of justice of the peace, all persons who may be guilty of any violation of the provisions of this Act.

SEC. 17. That the inspectors holding such primary election under the provisions of this Act may of their own motion, or in case of the challenge of any person offering to vote, if they deem there is any doubt of the propriety under the provisions of this Act of the vote so offered, require of the person so offering to vote his oath as to the fact which authorized the vote, and if the person so offering to vote declines to make the oath so demanded, his vote shall be rejected.

SEC. 18. That the costs and expenses of holding such primary election shall be borne by the city. The compensation of each of the inspectors shall be three dollars a day, and all charges and expenses shall be reasonable.

SEC. 19. That there shall be three inspectors of election appointed for each election precinct at such primary election, and in making the appointment of inspectors the executive committee shall, so far as possible, select qualified voters from a list of names agreed upon by a majority of the candidates before a primary election; provided, such agreed list is filed with the committee on such days as may be designated by the committee.

SEC. 20. That the executive committee of the city, when they are petitioned by one hundred qualified electors of the same political party the committee belongs to, shall call and cause to be held a primary election as provided for in this act; and should the committee refuse to call or hold such primary election as petitioned for, they shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction be punished by imprisonment in the county jail not less than thirty days or more than ninety days.

SEC. 21. That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with the provisions of this Act be and the same are hereby repealed.

SEC. 22. This Act shall be in force from and after the ratification.

What a Knot Is.

Probably there is no nautical term more frequently used than the word "knot." The word is synonymous with the nautical mile, or 6,080.27 feet, while, as every one knows, the geographical mile is 5,280 feet. This would make the knot equal to 1 15-100 of geographical miles, and therefore, in order to compare the speed of a boat expressed in knots with a railroad train, it is necessary to multiply the speed in knots by 1 15-100.

Another point to be remembered is that speed means a distance traveled in unit time, so when one speaks of a boat having a speed of 20 knots it is not necessary or proper to add per hour, as the word itself when employed as a unit of speed signifies nautical miles per hour. A cruiser that makes 21 knots travels 24.15 geographical miles per hour.—Philadelphia Record.

Where the Parson Went.

In a small village in Gloucestershire the clergyman was out visiting, but was expected back to preach on the Sunday. Early on Sunday morning, however, the parish clerk received a message from the clergyman to say he would not be able to preach, as he was going to "officiate" for another clergyman. As the service drew near the clerk rang the bell, and when the time was up and the people were assembled he went into the pulpit and addressed them thus, "This is to give notice that the parson will not be able to preach here today, as he is gone 'a-fishing' along with another parson."—Pearson's Weekly.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 66 Warren Street, New York.

"They fit the feet as nature intended."

"Jenness Miller" Hygienic Shoes For WOMEN!

WE are sole agents for Wilmington for these scientifically and anatomically perfect Shoes for women!

They fit the feet as nature intended!

They are as graceful and stylish as they are comfortable!

Will wear as long as any custom-made Shoes!

Try a pair and enjoy foot comfort!

Only $3.50.

MERCER & EVANS.

115 Princess street.

ma 4 3t sa tu th

Proof.

It is an easy matter to claim that a remedy has wonderful curative power. The manufacturers of

Rheumacide

leave it to those who have been permanently and positively cured of RHEUMATISM to make claims. Among those who have recently written us voluntary letters saying they have been cured are: Rev. J. L. Foster, Raleigh, N. C.; Mr. J. E. Robinson, Editor, Goldsboro, N. C., Daily Argus; Mr. A. Daus, a prominent merchant, Macon, Ga., and Mr. W. R. Duke, a railroad man, Kansas City, Mo.

Rheumacide Will Cure You.

Manufactured by THE BOBBITT DRUG CO., Raleigh, N. C.

Sold by Druggists generally. Price $1 per bottle.

ja 10 1y tu th sa

Barber Shop Removed.

JOHN E. COWELL has removed from 11 South Front street to 125 Princess street, between Front and Second, where he is prepared to serve his friends in a style that cannot be surpassed in the art tonsorial.

fe 8 tf

Shoes.

Slocum's Assigned Stock Must Be Sold.

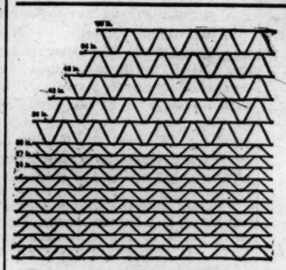
Come at once and make selection before sizes are broken, and we will

Sell You Shoes at Half the Price You Are

compelled to pay your regular dealer, as the store must soon be vacated.

FRANK HAFFNER, Manager,

fe 26 tf 120 Market Street, Slocum's Old Stand.



The Hartman Woven Wire Fencing

IS THE STRONGEST, MOST DURABLE and CHEAPEST FENCE MADE.

It is strong enough to be used without base boards Made of heavy Galvanized Steel Wire.

WRITE US FOR PRICES.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

ja 15 tf Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

Spring Has Come Again.

We Are Opening Daily Our New Spring Goods.

Spring Patterns of Waist Silks at	75c	per yard (no 2 alike)
Evening Shades Taffeta Silks at	48c	per yard
Zephyr Ginghams at	10c	per yard
French Percale at	10c	per yard
New Spring Styles Wool Dress Goods	25c	per yard
Silkoline Draperies at	7½c	per yard
Curtain Swisses at	10c	per yard
Infants' Soft Sole Shoes at	25c	

Best 50c Corset in the city.

OUR BUYER, Mr. Rehder, who will be in the Northern markets for several weeks, will be pleased to fill any orders for his customers.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

617 AND 619 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

P. S.—Car fare refunded to any one purchasing $2.00 worth or over. ma 5 tf

JOB PRINTING.

JOB PRINTING

BOOK BINDING AND RULING.

THE STAR JOB PRINTING OFFICE, BOOK BINDERY AND RULING ROOMS ARE COMPLETE IN THEIR APPOINTMENTS.

EVERY VARIETY OF PRINTING, RULING AND BINDING DONE NEATLY, EXPEDITIOUSLY & CHEAPLY.

WM. H. BERNARD, Proprietor.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE WAY WE DO BUSINESS IS THIS:

We sell large quantities of goods at a small profit. We handle everything in the Dry Goods line.

We have a few special things we want to push, and to put low prices on big values is to move them quickly.

Two hundred dozen Laundered Percale Shirts, worth 50c, selling at 29c each.

One hundred Boy's Suits, worth $1.00, new goods, at 69c.

Fine Hemstiched Sheets, 90x90 inches, 49c.

One hundred Ladies' Skirts at 99c, nice goods.

Nice line of Silk Skirts from $5.00 up.

One hundred Ladies' Capes, cheap at $1.00, for 69c.

Twenty-five dozen Children's Tam O'Shanter Caps from 5 to 20c.

Forty rolls of Matting from 10 to 25c per yard.

Sixty-two rolls of Carpet from 12½ to 50c.

Spring Roller Window Shades from 10 to 50c.

Lace Curtains from 45c to $2.50.

Three thousand pairs Shoes. Anything you want in the Shoe line from Children's Sewed Shoes at 13c per pair.

Job Women's Shoes at 45c per pair, and Men's Job Shoes at 75c per pair, to Fine Shoes at $2.00 and $2.50.

In your Shoe trade we will be glad to have you give us a look. We will save you money. We will guarantee a fit and give you satisfaction.

REMNANT SALE OF SILK.

Forty-five pieces running from 1 to 15 yards, worth from 25 to 50c, we will now sell at 29c.

Silk will be put on sale Monday morning.

Domestic Goods, Homespuns, Shirting, Plaids and Sheeting.

White Sheeting at 2¼c per yard.

Pretty Spring Calico from 3½ to 5c per yard.

Yard wide Percale for 5c.

Bring your card with every cash purchase, and receive a present free of cost.

Wilmington's Big Racket Store,

GEO. O. GAYLORD, Prop.,

ma 5 tf OPPOSITE THE ORTON.

OFFICE SUPPLIES.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF ALL KINDS OF

Commercial Stationery and Blank Books.

Those merchants who are quick to give an order to every "Knight of the Grip" that drops in to shake hands, will save money if they will take the trouble to ask prices of us.

We will at least pay the freight. Try us.

C. W. YATES & CO.

fe 26 tf

Atlantic National Bank, Wilmington, N. C.

CAPITAL, ... $125,000.00
SURPLUS AND PROFITS, ... 88,400.00

We Want Your Business and Will Make it to Your Interest to Deal With Us. Promptness, Accuracy and Safety Guaranteed. NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. D. L. GORE, Vice President, LEE H. BATTLE, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

P. L. BRIDGERS, D. L. GORE, J. W. NORWOOD, G. A. NORWOOD, S. P. McNAIR, E. J. POWERS, H. B. SHORT, W. E. SPRINGER, H. L. VOLLERS, C. W. WORTH, J. S. WORTH.

ma 4 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE. S.A.L. ESTABLISHED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Schedule in Effect Dec. 11, 1898.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:15 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Laurinburg 6:23 P. M., Hamlet 6:53 P. M. Connects at Hamlet with trains for Monroe, Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and all points South; and with trains for Raleigh, Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:20 A. M., arrives Weldon 11:45 A. M., Raleigh 3:36 P. M., Sanford 5:05 P. M., Hamlet 6:55 P. M., Wadesboro 8:10 P. M., Monroe 9:12 P. M., Charlotte 10:25 P. M., and Atlanta 5:20 A. M.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 9:50 P. M. Leaves Charlotte 5:00 A. M. Arrives Monroe 5:45 A. M., Wadesboro 6:51 A. M., Hamlet 7:43 A. M., Sanford 9:32 A. M., Raleigh 11:13 A. M., Weldon 2:50 P. M., Portsmouth 5:20 P. M.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:20 A. M. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 A. M., Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Washington 5:00 P. M., Richmond 9:00 P. M., Portsmouth 8:45 P. M., Weldon 11:10 P. M. Arrives Raleigh 2:14 A. M., Sanford 3:33 A. M., Hamlet 5:07 A. M., Wadesboro 6:01 A. M., Monroe 6:53 A. M., Charlotte 8:00 A. M., Atlanta 2:50 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Charlotte 9:00 A. M. Arrives Lincolnton 10:20 A. M., Shelby 11:37 A. M., Rutherfordton 12:30 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Rutherfordton 4:30 P. M. Arrives Shelby 5:40 P. M. Lincolnton 6:56 P. M., Charlotte 8:18 P. M., Monroe 9:10 P. M.

Train 403—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 noon. Arrives Monroe 9:30 P. M., Wadesboro 10:30 P. M., Hamlet 11:15 P. M., Sanford 12:55 P. M., Raleigh 3:00 A. M., Weldon 4:55 A. M., Portsmouth 7:35 A. M., Richmond 8:15 A. M., Washington 12:41 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 P. M. Arrives Gibson 8:10 P. M. Returning, leaves Gibson 6:50 A. M. Arrives Hamlet 7.40 A. M.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 A. M. Arrives Cheraw 10:00 A. M. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 P. M. Arrives Hamlet 6:30 P. M.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E ST. JOHN, Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. ja 10 tf

ATLANTIC & YADKIN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect March 1st, 1899.

South Bound Daily No. 52	MAIN LINE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
6 50 p m	Ar.....Wilmington.....Lv	8 50 a m
3 55 p m	Lv.....Fayetteville.....Ar	11 59 a m
3 55 p m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	12 20 p m
2 30 p m	Lv.....Sanford.....Lv	1 43 p m
12 42 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Lv	3 44 p m
12 13 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Ar	4 15 p m
11 55 a m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	4 25 p m
11 07 a m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	5 13 p m
10 36 a m	Lv.....Walnut Cove.....Lv	5 44 p m
10 09 a m	Lv.....Rural Hall.....Lv	6 13 p m
8 45 a m	Lv.....Mt. Airy.....Ar	7 35 p m

South Bound Daily No. 52.	BENNETTSVILLE.	North Bound Daily No. 53.
8 00 a m	Lv.....Bennettsville.....Ar	7 15 p m
9 07 a m	Lv.....Maxton.....Lv	6 15 p m
9 35 a m	Lv.....Red Springs.....Lv	5 35 p m
10 20 a m	Lv.....Hope Mills.....Lv	4 52 p m
10 40 a m	Ar.....Fayetteville.....Lv	4 33 p m

No. 46.	MADISON BRANCH.	No. 47.
South Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.		North Bound Mixed Daily ex. Sunday.
5 30 p m	Ar.....Ramseur.....Lv	6 40 a m
3 50 p m	Lv.....Climax.....Ar	8 25 a m
2 40 p m	Lv.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 37 a m
2 30 p m	Ar.....Greensboro.....Lv	9 38 a m
1 15 p m	Lv.....Stokesdale.....Lv	11 07 a m
12 30 p m	Lv.....Madison.....Ar	11 55 a m

Connections at Fayetteville with Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. R. KENLY, General Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.
H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
mar 7 tf

THE

Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK,
WILMINGTON, N. C.,
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.
Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA ..... Saturday, March 11
GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, March 18

Wilmington for New York.

GEO. W. CLYDE..... Saturday, March 11
ONEIDA ..... Saturday, March 18

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

GEO. W. CLYDE..... Tuesday, March 7
ONEIDA ..... Tuesday, March 14

Steamers do not carry passengers.

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. ma 5 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, Maxton.
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.
Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly installments of 25 cents per Share.
The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.
W. B HARKER, Secreta jan 1 tf

For Sale.

One Soda Water Fountain.

Tuft's make, Boston, Mass., known as "Magnolia."

Original cost, ... $1,200
Five charges, copper, original cost $40 each 200
Total cost $1,500

Will sell the entire outfit at a sacrifice! Rare Bargain. All in Good Order.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,

fe 5 tf Wilmington, N. C.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect Feb. 6, 1898.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.45 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.19 A. M., Warsaw 11.33 A. M., Goldsboro 12.26 P. M., Wilson 1.16 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.53 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M., Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.31 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Norfolk 8.55 P. M., Washington 11.30 P. M., Baltimore 1.50 A. M., Philadelphia 3.53 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 3.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.34 P. M., Warsaw 8 48 P. M., Goldsboro 9.45 P. M., Wilson 10.38 P. M., †Tarboro 7.04 A. M., Rocky Mount 11 53 P. M. Weldon 12.59 A. M., †Norfolk 10.25 A. M. Petersburg 2.35 A. M., Richmond 3.33 A. M., Washington 7 01 A. M., Baltimore 8.33 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.08 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.56 P. M., Chadbourn 5.38 P. M., Marion 6.34 P. M., Florence 7.15 P. M., Sumter 8.37 P. M., Columbia 10.30 P. M., Denmark 6.19 A. M., Augusta 7.35 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.35 P. M., Charleston 10.50 P. M., Savannah 1.50 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 6.05 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.50 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.03 P. M., New York *9.00 P. M., Philadelphia 12.05 A. M., Baltimore 2.30 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 10.00 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.00 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.21 P. M., Warsaw 4.12 P. M., Magnolia 4.25 P. M.

DAILY 9.40 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.30 A. M., Philadelphia 12 09 P. M., Baltimore 2.25 P. M., Washington 3.46 P. M., Richmond 7.30 P. M., Petersburg 8.12 P. M., †Norfolk 2.30 P. M., Weldon 9.43 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.40 A. M. Leave Wilson 6.20 A. M., Goldsboro 7.01 A. M., Warsaw 7.56 A. M., Magnolia 8.09 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.26 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.25 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.10 A. M., Sanford 3.07 P. M., Jacksonville 8.00 P. M., Savannah 1.45 A. M., Charleston 6.33 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M., Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.17 P. M. Columbia 6.50 A. M., Sumter 8.15 P. M., Florence 10.00 A. M., Marion 10.40 A. M., Chadbourn 11.44 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.13 A. M.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 P. M., Halifax 4.15 P. M.; arrive Scotland Neck 5.08 P. M., Greenville 6.07 P. M., Kinston 7.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.50 A. M., Greenville 8.52 A. M.; arriving Halifax at 11.18 A. m., Weldon 11.33 A. M. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 6.30 A. M. and 2.30 P. M.; arrive Parmele 9.10 A. M. and 4.00 P. M.; returning leaves Parmele 9.35 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.; arrives Washington 11.00 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5.30 P. M.; Sunday, 4.15 P. M.; arrives Plymouth 7.40 P. M. and 6.10 P. M. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7.50 A. M. and Sunday 9.00 A. M.; arrive Tarboro 10.05 A. M. and 11.00 A. M.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7.05 A. M.; arrives Smithfield, N. C., 8.10 A. M. Returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 A. M.; arrives Goldsboro 10.25 A. M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 9.30 A. M., 3.40 P. M.; arrives Nashville 10 10 A. M., 4.05 P. M., Spring Hope 10.40 A. M., 4.55 P. M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 11.00 A. M., 4.55 P. M., Nashville 11 22 A. M.; 5.32 P. M., arrives at Rocky Mount 11.45 A. M. 6.00 P. M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 11.40 A. M. and 4.15 P. M. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 A. M. and 3.00 P. M.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 10.12 A. M., arrive Latta 10.32 A. M., Dillon 10.

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 9.

APPEAL FOR AID FOR SUFFERING CUBANS.

General Ludlow, Governor of Havana, Tells of the Suffering and Destitution in Havana.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Brigadier General William Ludlow, Governor of Havana, has written a lengthy letter to the *Evening Post*, describing minutely the conditions in the Cuban capital, and appealing for assistance for Cuban charities. General Ludlow refers to the local administration of Havana as a "serious and laborious task." Touching especially upon the matter of keeping Havana clean, General Ludlow writes that cleaning and sanitation are carried on "under every difficulty of a century-old accumulation of evils." The destitute, he says, are found in greater numbers in Havana than in the other provinces. "In this department," writes the Governor, "which includes the city of Havana and its suburban region, west, south and east between the rivers Almendares and Colimar, the desitute drawing rations approximate 20,000, who must for the present be fed or permitted to starve. Employment of the able-bodied males on street cleaning, collection of garbage, repairs to streets and road cleaning, disinfection of large buildings and military structures and the like work, have constituted an immense assistance in this respect by enabling the 2,000 or 3,000 employes to feed themselves and those immediately dependent upon them; but there is still a very large number for whom at present, occupation cannot be furnished. It is one of the distressing features that a great proportion of the destitute are women and children, whose men have died or been killed in the waste of war, while 20,000 or 30,000 are aggregated as an army practically idle and dependent upon the country for their maintenance instead of being at work earning their living and supporting their families. It is almost impossible, in the average case of the women, to find anything for them to do, and this helpless class make special appeal to sympathy."

The charitable institutions of Havana, General Ludlow declares to be quite inadequate to meet the emergency. He cites, as an instance, the "Casa de Las Vidas" (home of the widows), a structure in the capital occupied by the widows of Spanish officers. Of this institution General Ludlow says: "Upon assuming direction of affairs it is found that the pensions of these women had not been paid for over a year and that they had been left behind when the Spanish forces abandoned the island, absolutely without the means of obtaining food. There are at present in the home a total of over 200, of all ages—seventy women, ninety girls and fifty boys—are almost all entirely destitute, and, from a prolonged course of semi starvation and the absence of medical or other supplies, are deplorably reduced and have much sickness among them. It can be imagined how this aggregation of a quiet, gentle, suffering, and almost silent class appeals to the sympathies. Many of them are well born, accomplished and educated, totally unable to do anything for themselves, and with the ignorance of children as to means of support. They profess themselves, and in many cases doubtless with sincerity, willing to do work, even the roughest; but without any qualifications they would be practically useless to an employer. They could teach, perhaps, but the schools are not open to them. They are alien to the community in which they are compelled to live, with comparatively few friends.

To meet the needs of these women, General Ludlow suggests that an association of women in the United States might take account of the matter and perfect arrangements by which the institution should be otherwise maintained than as a temporary military exigency. There are numerous kindly disposed and charitable people in Havana—many who are busily engaged in charitable work with the sick and the orphans—but their means are quite inadequate, and assistance would be gladly received from the charitably disposed in the United States."

The Governor concluded by saying that Mrs. Ludlow, who was taking a strong interest in the matter, would be glad to receive any communication on the subject or such contributions of food, clothing or money as might be forwarded.

CHAMPION HIGH DIVER.

Thomas Donaldson Probably Fatally Injured in an Exhibition at Madison Square Garden.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Thomas Donaldson, of Bath Beach, Long Island, known the world over as a champion high diver, dove from the roof of Madison Square Garden, a distance of 85 feet, this evening, with probably fatal results. Donaldson travelled for some years with Barnum and Bailey, and has been the star attraction at the sportsman's show now running in the Garden. He has been making two dives daily. The tank is less than eight feet deep, and on two or three former occasions Donaldson did not have the distance expected and came out the water with hemorrhages from the ears and nose. Harry Cornish has charge of the water sports, and it was he who this afternoon gave Donaldson the signal to dive. Three thousand people were present and saw the famous diver lean from the platform, and, falling slowly forward, make the plunge. He shot straight downward, but it was plain before he got half the distance that he had lost control of his body. He struck the water head first and failed to come up. Small circles of blood came bubbling up from the bottom, and Harry Reeder, the amateur champion swimmer, an attache of the Garden, plunged into the water. The man dived several times, and finally brought Donaldson to the surface. He was apparently dead, with blood flowing from mouth, nostrils and ears and from a cut on the head. Donaldson was carried to one of the dressing rooms and attended by several physicians. He was then removed to the New York hospital. He has a fractured skull, with compression of the brain, and the left side of his face is crushed in. The surgeons at the hospital say that his death is a question of hours.

A witness of the accident says that as Donaldson left the platform the colors which were wrapped about him became loose. His attention was diverted, and he did not have his wits about him when he struck the water. He weighed more than 200 pounds and struck with terrific force. Donaldson was 45 years old. Just before making this dive he said he intended to challenge Kearney T. Speedy, the champion high-jumper of the world.

NEGRO SOLDIERS CAUSE TROUBLE.

The Tenth Regiment of Immunes Mustered Out at Macon, Georgia.

FIRED SHOTS FROM THE TRAIN

A White Boy Wounded at Macon—Outrageous Conduct at Griffin—Police Powerless—Militia Called Out. A Trainman Shot.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., March 8.—The Tenth immunes, Colonel Jones, who were mustered out at Macon to day, began to show their ill-temper as soon as the train bearing the negroes home began to move out of Macon. Producing revolvers and other arms which they in some way managed to smuggle, with them they began firing from the windows. Bullets flew in every direction as the train sped on, and passers-by were compelled to seek shelter. Luckily only one person was shot in Macon, Will Goodyear, a 16-year old white boy, whose arm was badly fractured by a ball. As the train passed the various stations on the road the rioting was renewed, shots being fired from the train at the people standing on the platforms to see the train go by.

At Griffin, where the first section of the train stopped about 2 30 this afternoon, occurred the most serious trouble of the day. The regiment came over the Central of Georgia railroad in three sections. When the train stopped at Griffin the negroes who by this time had filled up on whiskey, began firing their pistols and yelling like Indians. Over two hundred shots were fired and the police were powerless to resist. The city was at the mercy of the negroes who kept up a fusilade until the train carried them beyond the city limits.

The news of the outrageous conduct spread rapidly over Griffin and it was determined that the next section of the regiment should be held in check. Mayor Davis telephoned Governor Candler, asking him to order out the Griffin Rifles. The Governor sent him word that he would consult the authorities and instruct him in a few minutes. Mayor Davis then ordered out the company on his own responsibility, as there was no time to lose. The Rifles were given five rounds of ammunition and under command of Lieutenant David marched to the depot. In addition to the militia the Mayor and Sheriff Morris deputized nearly one hundred citizens to assist the officers in preserving peace and protecting the city.

About 5:15 P. M. the second section came in sight and above the roar of the train could be heard the rattle of the firearms which were then being discharged indiscriminately. When this train came to a standstill the negroes saw 200 heavily armed men, who commanded them to keep quiet. The negroes were awed, and with a few exceptions were as docile as lambs. To those who proved fractious cracked heads were administered.

When the train pulled out from the depot and the negroes thought they were out of reach of the citizens, they began firing at houses. At the first shot a volley was poured into the train by citizens and militia. George Agee, a trainman, was fatally shot in the abdomen, and one negro slightly wounded.

There was no trouble in Atlanta, as the police prepared for them.

LOUISVILLE, KY., March 8.—The Eighth U. S. Immunes presented a battered appearanced when it reached Louisville to-day. They reported an encounter in the depot at Nashville, and about fifty of them bear marks of the affair. Officers say the trouble was unprovoked. Captain Jacob, of this city, says that proceedings will be instituted in the United States court against the city of Nashville.

Eighth Immunes at Nashville.

NASHVILLE, TENN., March 8.—About five hundred men of the Eighth immunes, mustered out in Chattanooga, reached here just before midnight last night. Fifty police and detectives were at the station to preserve order. The sergeant who had shot two people at Chattanooga was searched for but not not found. The police used their clubs effectively in forcing the negroes to give up their pistols and remain in the cars, but there was no firing. The police were refused admittance in one car by armed negroes at the door. The forced their way in, demanded all weapons in this car and there was much clubbing, some negroes being badly clubbed.

WOOD ALCOHOL THE CAUSE.

Four Members of a Family Found Dead in a Tenement House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MARLBORO, MASS., March 8.—The examination made of the stomachs of the four members of the Underwood family who were found dead in a tenement house in the rear of the Frye Shoe Factory here on Monday evening, February 13th, shows that the cause of death in every case was the drinking of wood alcohol. The persons who were found dead in the house were Edward Underwood, his two daughters, Olive, aged 21, and Frances, aged 12, and John Clifford, two year old son of Olive Underwood.

CHINA WILL APOLOGIZE.

For the Terms Used in Refusing to Grant Italy a Concession.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

ROME, March 8.—The *Tribuna* says it learns that the Chinese government has offered to send to the Italian minister, Signor Martin, a written apology, through Sir Claude MacDonald, British Minister at Pekin, for the terms in which the Tsung Li Yamen couched China's refusal to grant the concession recently demanded by Italy of San Mun Bay, province of Che Ciang, to be used as an Italian naval base and coaling station.

GEORGIA FRUIT SUFFERS.

Melon Crop, Too, in Some Sections Destroyed by the Cold Wave.

ATLANTA, GA., March 7.—The heavy rain of Saturday and the cold wave of Sunday were followed by high winds and snow in many parts of the State.

Rome and Quitman, Ga., were visited by heavy snows, and farmers report the complete destruction of the melon crop in that vicinity. A large number of live stock was killed near Opelika, Ala., and all fruit which was not killed by the cold wave three weeks ago was lost last night.

Princess Kaluani, of Honolulu, is on her death-bed. Rheumatism of the heart is the cause of her illness.

AFFAIRS IN THE CUBAN PROVINCES.

Spaniards in Santa Clara Complain of Persecutions—Financial Matters. Soldiers' Pay Delayed.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, March 8.—A Spanish newspaper publishes a story to the effect that a party of Cubans are terrorizing the Spaniards at Mayori. It says, also, that these Cubans have murdered several Spaniards near Barajagua, and mentions cases of the persecution of Spaniards at Calabazas, province of Santa Clara. In conclusion, the newspaper asks the American authorities to inquire into the matter and afford protection to the Spaniards.

The American soldiers' pay for February is delayed, the authorities awaiting the cash, which is expected here by a transport. Chief Paymaster Smith is paying the officers in checks, which are subject to the local discount of one per cent. The officers complain, but the bankers will not buy checks on New York at par, exchange going the other way. It costs more to transfer money from New York to Havana than from New York to London.

The North American Trust Company has advanced the government $400,000 without charging any exchange, thus losing $3,000. It now has the authority of the treasury to charge for exchange the local rate of one per cent. The cost of importing is three-fourths of one per cent. Disbursing officers do not lose the discount, as they credit themselves with the exchange.

The Treasury ruling as to the values of Spanish and French coins at the custom house will have the effect intended, that of causing the export of Spanish currency and establishing in Cuba United States currency as the standard. The sum of $175,000 in Spanish silver was shipped from this point this week. The scarcity of Spanish silver is causing inconvenience. The Havana brokers wish to prolong the two currencies for a period, on account of the profit on exchange.

AFFAIRS IN SAMOA.

Story of the Recent Trouble Told by the Late President of the Municipal Council at Apia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., March 8.—Dr. John Raffel, late president of the municipal council of Apia, arrived today on the steamer Alameda. To an Associated Press representative Dr. Raffel said that when he left Samoa everything was tranquil, and that the Mataafa government was recognized as the provisional government by the three leading powers, and it had the support of ninety per cent. of the native population and a majority of the foreign population.

"The German consul," said Dr. Raffel, "could not enforce the decision of the Supreme Court, because he believed that the decision was in opposition to the custom of the Samoan people and the Samoan government, and that pending instructions he could not seek to enforce it, particularly when it was so obnoxious to so large a number of the Samoan people."

As to the report that the German consul led the attack of Mataafa's forces, he said, "That is untrue. American and Britise residents will testify to the fact, and Mr. Morse, an American citizen, has so informed his government in a communication to the administration at Washington.

"The reason the provisional government closed the Supreme Court is this. The President of the municipal council under the treaty not only has local jurisdiction in the municipal district, but is also treasurer, advisor and executive officer of the Samoan government. He is such to the provisional government under the treaty. The provisional government held that it could not recognize a court to whose decision it was in antagonism. Afterward, it was decided that it would not declare the chief justiceship vacant. But Samoans do not recognize the court and do not bring suits in it. The whites, however, do. My opinion is that if the treaty powers attempt to force and install the Malieto government, it will simply result in the Mataafa government controlling everything out of Apia."

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., March 8.—The steamer Alameda has arrived from Australia via Honolulu and Samoa. When the Alameda left Apia everything was quiet under the direction of the provisional government, with Mataafa at its head. The sentiment among the natives seems to be changing in favor of Tanua, and Mataafa is becoming uneasy. Everything is anxiously awaiting the decision of the three powers as to who will be king.

SOUTH CAROLINA'S DEAD.

Monument to be Erected in the Confederate Cemetery at Winchester.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—A special to the *Star* from Winchester, Va., says: The Ladies' Memorial Association here, together with the Daughters of the Confederacy in South Carolina, have succeeded in raising the necessary amount to erect a monument to the South Carolina Confederate dead who lie buried in Stonewall cemetery here. In the lots of other States in the cemetery there are now monuments to the dead of the respective States. The fund raised for the South Carolina monument was considerably augmented by a personal subscription from Charles B. Rouss, of New York.

MALLORY STEAMER LEONA.

Damage to Cargo Estimated at $50,000. Vessel Not Much Injured.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 8.—The Mallory steamer Leona, which was beached yesterday to put out fire, was taken back to her dock to-day. The vessel herself is not seriously injured, but the cargo in the forward holds was badly damaged. The officials of the line estimated the loss at $50,000. The passengers who started on the Leona will sail to-morrow on the Concho.

Welcome A. Botkin, husband of Cordelia A. Botkin, convicted of the murder of Mrs. Jno. H. Dunning, of Dover, Del., through the agencies of poisoned candy through the mails, has applied for a divorce, on the grounds that his wife had been convicted of a felony.

BEST OF ALL

To cleanse the system in a gentle and truly beneficial manner, when the Springtime comes, use the true and perfect remedy, Syrup of Figs. Buy the genuine. Manufactured by the Carolina Fig Syrup Co. only, and for sale by all druggists, at 50 cents per bottle.

VOLUNTEERS WILL SOON BE RELIEVED.

The Regiments Serving in Cuba Will Shortly be Mustered Out.

THE REGULARS WILL REMAIN

The Homeward Movement Will be Gradual, But All Will be Withdrawn Before the First of May Next to Escape Fever.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—Orders were issued at the War Department today for the Twelfth New York volunteer infantry, now at Matanzas, Cuba, to take passage on the transport Berlin for New York, where it will be mustered out. This is the beginning of a general movement for a muster-out of all the volunteer troops stationed in Cuba.

The fact that the rainy season is not far off is a potent reason for the early recall of the volunteer troops there. The homeward movement will have to be gradual, because of the limited transporation facilities now at the disposal of the War Department.

There are now about 25,000 volunteers in Cuba, and their withdrawal will leave about 15,000 regular troops for the enforcement of the policy of the administration in the establishment of a stable government in the island. The volunteer troops now on garrison duty in Cuba and under muster-out orders include the following organizations: Second Illinois, One Hundred and Sixtieth Indiana, Fourth Illinois, One Hundred and Sixty-first Indiana, Ninth Illinois, Forty-ninth Iowa, Third Kentucky, Thirty-first Michigan, Second Louisiana, Sixth Missouri, Eighth Massachusetts, Twelfth New York, First North Carolina, Third Nebraska, Second South Carolina, Fourth Tennessee, Fourth Virginia, First Texas, Second and Third United States volunteer engineers, the Second and Fifth United States volunteer infantry, and the Second, Third, Eleventh, Twelfth, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth and Seventh companies of the Signal Corps. As yet no orders have been issued for the muster-out of the regiments, with the exception of the Twelfth New York; but it is expected that the formal orders will be issued in the case of all the organizations named within the next few days. Under the present plans of the department it is expected that all of the volunteer troops will be withdrawn from Cuba before the 1st of May, and so escape the fever which makes that country a very undesirable place of residence during the Summer months.

The officials of the administration expressed satisfaction at the present political state of affairs in Cuba, and are confident of a continuance of the prevailing peace and good order. The troops are to be withdrawn on the theory that there is no longer need of their service in that country, and that the questions of government will work out themselves without the presence of a large military force. Consequently, there is no present purpose of replacing the volunteers with regular troops, and such a course of action will be taken only in case it becomes necessary.

THIRTEEN LIVES LOST.

The Tug James Bowen Sunk in the Storm Tuesday—A German Sailor Drowned.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEWPORT NEWS, VA., March 8.—Intelligence of the sinking of the tug James Bowen, with twelve persons on board, and the loss of the second mate of the German steamer Albano, on Tuesday afternoon, while heroically leading a life-saving crew to the rescue of the crew of the mud barge Admiral, was brought by Captain Koch, of the Albano, which entered the capes this evening. The Bowen, having the barge in tow, was caught in a gale and sprung a leak outside of the capes. The Albano sighted the barge in distress, and after a hard battle with the waves succeeded in taking off the captain and crew of the sinking barge. The second mate was washed overboard while making the rescue.

Nothing has been heard of the twelve persons on board the tug Bowen, and they are given up for lost. Among those on board was the superintendent of the American Towing Company.

The captain of the Admiral, who went to Norfolk to-night to report the loss of his vessel to his company's office, warmly praises the crew of the Albano for the pluck they displayed in their work of rescue.

TO PAY CUBANS.

Three Million Dollars Drawn from the Sub-Treasury at New York.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, March 8.—Paymaster General Carey, U. S. A., visited the sub-treasury to-day and presented a warrant for $3,000,000, drawn by the department at Washington. The money was to be drawn from the sub-treasury and shipped to Cuba, where it will be used to pay off the Cuban troops, in accordance with an agreement. For obvious reasons, General Carey does not care to state just when the money will be shipped to Cuba, nor will he give the name of the ship that will carry it. General Carey has been directed by the War Department to take charge of the money until it is turned over to General Brooke at Havana. General Carey will be accompanied by a detachment of regulars, who will guard the money on its way to Cuba.

FRANCE'S ARMY BUDGET.

Deputies Recognize Necessity of Preparing Against Germany.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, March 8.—In the Chamber of Deputies to-day the debate on the Army Budget led to the usual references to the necessity for preparedness against Germany, and the comparisons of the two armies. The members of the House, while complaining of the budget, which aggregates 875,000,000 francs, admitted the impossibility of retrenching in the face of the necessity of meeting German increases by corresponding additions.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

QUIET AT MANILA.

Troops Inconvenienced by Hot Weather. Coast Lights Re-established—French Cruiser Arrives.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

MANILA, March 8. 3.55 P. M.—The temperature to day at three o'clock was eighty-seven degrees, but the cloudy air was like steam and the troops were greatly inconvenienced on the line, in spite of the temporary shade afforded by matting and bamboos wherever feasible. There were fever prostrations, however, from the heat.

Our troops to-day are not compelled to remain in the open country to the same extent as yesterday, when they were engaged in clearing the jungle. The rebels seldom appear in the open, except in the cool of the morning and in the evening. Our soldiers will probably feel the heat less when they are on the move.

The following lights on the coasts of Panay and Guimaras islands have been re-established: Manigonizo, Zigantes, Calabazas, Sietopecados, Iloilo and Luzaron.

The French second class cruiser Jean Bart has arrived here.

NEGRO REGIMENT.

Half a Dozen People Injured in the Trouble With the Eighth Immunes.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., March 8.—No one will die as a result of the rioting in which the men of the Eighth immune colored regiment engaged here last night. But half a dozen people injured will be laid up for several months. Inspector Harkins, policeman Poe and A. J. Lodford are severely wounded, but their injuries will not prove fatal. Three soldiers were shot in the disturbance, but their names could not be learned. In addition to those injured here, three soldiers were shot on a Southern railway train between Chattanooga and Knoxville. The shooting was done by a soldier who escaped from the train at Athens, Tenn.

WARM WIRELETS.

Senator Jones, of Ark., is recovering gradually from his attack Monday, in Washington, and is resting easily and quietly.

Rudyard Kipling's health continues to mend slowly. He has not yet been told of the death of his daughter Josephine.

The Wintinsville cotton mill and the cotton mills at Linwood and Saundersville, Mass., have announced an advance in wages, to take effect April 3d. About 1,000 operatives are affected.

The schooner Wm. B. Steelman, from Norfolk for New York, with a cargo of pig iron, is going to pieces at Delaware breakwater, where she stranded Tuesday.

The Tenth Immunes, colored, were mustered out at Macon, Ga., yesterday. The colonel of the regiment held authority over the men by holding their discharges until the men were aboard the trains, in this way avoiding trouble in the city or at camp.

Dr. Bigelow, assistant chemist of the Agricultural Department, has accompanied the beef inquiry board to Chicago as a scientific expert attached to the board. He will chemically examine samples of beef inspected by the board.

Notice has been posted at the Ohio Iron Company's plant announcing that all wages will be increased 10 per cent on April 1. The increase affects about 200 men. The plant was idle for five years, but resumed work about a year ago and has all it can do.

No breaks were reported last night in the Senatorial deadlocks. The Democrats in Delaware voted for Willard Saulsbury and will try to draw sufficient strength from either the regular Republicans or the Union Republicans to secure his election.

In joint session of the Nebraska Legislature, M. L. Hayward was elected U. S. Senator to succeed Wm. V. Allen, receiving 74 votes, the solid Republican membership, with the exception of one absent on account of sickness. Allen received 56, the full Fusion strength.

The New York cotton goods market was quiet yesterday so far as actual business goes, but some good sized bids for brown cottons were turned down at only slightly lower prices than asked by sellers. Brown bleached and coarse colored cottons continued firm. Prints were also firm.

Manager McCraw has about completed plans for the Southern trip of the "Orioles." They will leave for Savannah on or about the 21st inst., where they will go into active training until about the first of April, when a series of exhibition games will be played with the Brooklyns in Savannah and Augusta.

OLD NEWSPAPERS.

You Can Buy

Old Newspapers

in

Quantities to Suit,

at the

STAR OFFICE

Suitable for Wrapping

Paper and

Excellent for

Placing Under Carpet.

no 24 tf

Cash Paid for Beeswax.

If you have some to sell, ship it to us, and we will allow you

26 cents per pound free on board cars or steamer

at Wilmington, in good sound packages

W. M. BOWDLEAR & CO.,
ma 3 2m Boston, Mass.

Unfading Cotton Dyes.

Fast Diamond Dyes for Cotton Make Unfading Colors.

Cannot be Washed Out in Soapsuds or Faded by Sunlight

The same dyes will never make a full, fast color on both wool and cotton, and hence Diamond Dyes have a special line of colors for cotton.

Their fast cotton dyes are guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, and to make colors that cannot be washed out in strong soapsuds and that will not fade when exposed to the sunlight.

If you wish to dye cotton goods, use only the fast Diamond Dyes for cotton, and you will have success.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpariel Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for **1 cent** per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than **20 cents.** Terms positively cash in advance.

I am not in business for fun. All consignments promptly sold; enquiries cheerfully answered. My business is to sell all products to the interest of the producer. I deal in Groceries, Cotton, Spirits, Tar and Rosin. T. D. Love, 24 North Water street. ma 8 tf

Found—A place to buy Wall Paper, by selecting from an assortment of 200 different styles. And a good deal more to interest you, at Howell's Book Store. Bell 'Phone 483. mar 7 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

For Sale—At Burgaw, in good order, one 15 horse-power Engine and Boiler, one 50 saw Cotton Gin; one Brooks Press. Apply to The Worth Co. fe 28 tf

I Am Not a Candidate for Mayor or Chief of Police, but can serve you when you want anything in Country Produce. Satisfaction guaranteed. Consignments solicited. L. Tate Bowden, No. 6, Princess street. fe 26 tf

M. C. Benson—The well known Produce Commission Merchant, 106 Dock street. Solicits consignments of all classes Produce. Beef Cattle a specialty ja 22 tf

Photographs—If you want up-to-date Photographs in style and finish, call on U. C Ellis, 114 Market street. ja 4 tf

Old Newspapers for sale by the hundred at the STAR Office. Excellent for underlaying carpets, or for wrapping paper. oct 2 tf

Country Produce of every kind at lowest prices. Choice Sausage, Pork Sausage, dressed and live Poultry. Country shipments solicited. P. H. Smith, Bell 'Phone 388, 314 Campbell street. de 25 tf

Just Arrived—400 bunches fine Bananas, 25 barrels Jamaica Oranges. For sale cheap by A. S. Wigstead, 115 North Second street. no 15 tf

Consign Your Chickens, Eggs, Pork, Beef, Potatoes, Apples, Cabbage, Onions, field Peas, Peanuts, Corn, Bacon, Butter, or anything else you may have in the produce line to R. B. Moore, for prompt returns. No. 5 Dock street, Wilmington, N. C. oc 30 tf

Pratt's Food, Magic Food, Condition Powders, Hay, Grain, and all kinds of mixed feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Inter-State 'Phone No. 92, Bell 'Phone No. 92. au 19 tf

NEW LIVERY.

I have received a new lot of Horses, Buggies etc., and am here to do business. When you want to buy or hire give me a trial. A good supply on hand to select from at all times.

F. T. MILLS.

ma 5 tf

S. P. McNAIR,

Wholesale Grocer,

North Water Street.

OFFERS FOR SALE

FLOUR.
RIB SIDES.
D. S. PLATES.
PURE LARD.
LARD COMPOUND
STAR LYE.
MENDELSON'S LYE
TOMSON'S LYE.
CRACKERS.
PIC-NIC CHEESE.
SUGAR.
COFFEE.

Rust Proof Oats.
September Mullets.

se 1 tf

Seed Oats

this year are generally mouldy and unsound. We have

North Carolina

R. R. P. Oats

tested by ourselves.

Finest Quality and Low Price.

BAGGING AND TIES.
Groceries Generally.

The Worth Company.

o 19 tf

German Kainit.

1500 bags Pure Kainit.
1000 bags Cotton Seed Meal.
1200 bags 13 Per Cent Acid.
1100 bags Tobacco Fertilizer.
1900 bags Cotton Fertilizer.
1300 bags Strawberry Fertilizer
300 bags Muriate Potash.
340 bags Sulphate Potash.
150 bags Nitrate Soda.
450 bags B. B. B. Fertilizer.
175 bags Bone Meal.
150 bags Dirty Salt.

W. B. COOPER,
Wholesale Grocer,
ma 5 tf Wilmington, N. C.

HORSES, MULES.

I have just received a fresh supply of stock—the best that can be offered on any market—including some extra fine drivers and saddlers. Also, a lot of second-hand stock that will be sold at a very low price. All stock guaranteed as represented or money refunded

L. W. BATES,
fe 7 tf Water street, Mills' old stand

OUR BUYER

Being in the Northern markets purchasing the latest productions for Spring and Summer 1899, we are forced to make room for the first arrivals, which are expected to reach us in a few days. It will therefore be to your advantage to call during this week and

Note the General Reduction in all Departments.

In our Carpet Department.
In our Dress Goods Department.
In our Domestic Department.
In our Linen Department.
In our Cloak and Suit Department.

And so on, Up stairs and Down stairs. Come and help us make room. FIRST COME, FIRST SERVED, at

The C. W. Polvogt Co.,

No. 9 North Front Street.

DRY GOODS AND CARPETS.

fe 26 tf

NOTICE.

We beg to notify our customers that we have disposed of our entire Plumbing Department to The Wilmington Iron Works, and solicit for them the same liberal patronage bestowed upon ourselves,

OWEN F. LOVE & CO.

fe 26 tf

Now is the Time

TO MAKE YOUR DEPOSITS IN THE

Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.

All Deposits Made on or Before March 1st, begin to Draw Interest on That Day at Rate of

FOUR PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

fe 25 tf

New Wash Goods.

We are showing an elegant line of NEW Percales, Zephyrs, Ginghams & Calicoes.

Just the thing for SHIRT WAISTS; and this bids fair to be the biggest Shirt Waist Season ever known, and rightly so, for what is there to equal the Shirt Waist in Comfort and Coolness? Last season's output in this special class of Goods was enormous, and while this was so, yet the demand was far greater than the supply.

Our NEW Season's purchase is here

for your inspection. Don't you think it would be wise to make your selections now, when the stock is at its best? For a very small sum you can choose your entire Summer's outfit of these Beautiful Goods. I could write on and on of their beauty, durability, etc., etc., but "seeing is believing." Hence we invite you to call and examine, when you will find our statements are correct.

Special in Smyrna Rugs.

A lot of 36-inch Smyrna Rugs just received. Price $2.50 each. All beautiful patterns.

A. D. BROWN.

ma 3 tf

The Rush for Spring Suits

Is Now On,

and our workmen are hustling. Drop in and look over our English, French, Scotch and Domestic suitings and trousering. They are pronounced the handsomest ever seen in this city.

Our prices are WAY DOWN and the quality of our goods Way Up.

Furnishing Goods of every description.

Elegant line Neckwear by Saturday's Express.

M. H. CURRAN,

fe 26 tf 107 Princess street.

A Few Bargains Left in Damaged Furniture.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES:

Cane Seat Chairs.	50c
Oak Sideboards, . .	$7.00
Oak Beds, ...	2.00
Oak Bedroom Suits,	11.00
Woven Wire Springs,	1.00 and up.

And everything on our floors at a Sacrifice. Come Early. TERMS CASH.

THE SNEED CO.

fe 28 tf

High Grade Foodstuffs

from every corner of the earth you will find at all times in our choice stock of Fancy and Staple Groceries, Hams, Bacon, Fresh Dairy Products, Cakes and Crackers. For your Lenten meal our Mackerel and Salt Mullets will be found tempting and nourishing.

A Fine lot of Sweet Potatoes 20c per peck,

THE KING GROCERY COMPANY,

'Phone 387. B. F. KING, MANAGER.
ma 7 tf FOURTH STREET BRIDGE.